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MULTI-MILLIONAIRE AND CORPORATOR ARRESTED

Anti-Corruption Police's Successful Trap

ALLEGED OFFER OF ONE LAKH BRIBE TO HUSH UP HIGH DENOMINATIONS NOTES CASE

BOMBAY, Wednesday:

Mr. Gokulchand Dwarkadas Morarka, director of several business firms in the city, and Rao Bahadur Damjibhai Jethabhai Shah, a Municipal Corporator and Justice of Peace, were arrested by the Anti-Corruption Branch of the Bombay C. I. D. today on a charge of attempting to offer illegal gratification of Rs. one lakh to an officer of the Anti-Corruption Branch for hushing up a case in which Mr. Morarka is involved.

ORIGIN OF TROUBLE

It appears that on January 30, last the premises of the Sholapur Spinning and Weaving Mills at Flora Fountain were raided following investigations conducted by Deputy Commissioner Mr. Moray and Deputy Inspector Miranda, who were specially entrusted with the case by Government, and three persons, including Gokulchand were arrested in connection with the alleged falsification of the records of the Mills, of which Morarka and Co. are the agents—after the publication of the High Denomination Notes Ordinance in order to enable the agents to be accommodated in the matter of 'unloading' high denomination notes without having to answer awkward official questions in regard to their origin.

Ever since inquiries were set afoot in this case it is alleged Gokulchand had been exploring all possible sources and making efforts to influence the Investigating Officer Mr. Miranda, with a view to screening him and his companions.

On March Gokulchand is alleged to have met an influential person and suggested to him that in view of his associations with the Anti-Corruption Police he might exert his influence and hush up the matter in which he (Gokulchand) and his companions were involved. and that he should bring about a settlement with the Investigating Officer.

TRAP SET

It appears that Gokulchand's persistence constrained Deputy Inspector Miranda to think of a trap and accordingly he reported the matter to his superiors and set out to lay a trap.

Gokulchand it is stated, was greatly relieved to hear that the Investigating Officer had acquiesed and then started negotiations. But as was expected once Gokulchand knew that things were shaping as he had wished he tried to decrease nay to drastically cut down the offer and finally he believed that his astuteness had triumphed, as the bargain dwindled down from Rs. 10 lakhs to one lakh. But the question for immediate decision was how to complete the transaction. With a view to eliminating any danger to himself, Gokulchand suggested that the payment might be made through his friend Rao Bahadur Damjibhai Jethabhai and accordingly introduced him to the Investigating Officer in his very office so as to obviate any suspicion. A settlement was reached, due precautions being taken for safety by either side, and it was agreed that the transaction should crystallise at 8 p.m. today.

Curiously enough, while Deputy Inspector Miranda was in office to-day a lady put in a telephone call. This was no other person than his wife informing him that Rao Bahadur Damjibhai had suddenly put in his appearance with an unwieldy bundle which he offered to deliver to her as previously arranged. By a clever stratagem the unexpected gentleman was kept engaged in conversation, Deputy Inspector Miranda offering to come down with all possible alacrity to receive the fabulous amount.

ANTI-CORRUPTION MEN ON SCENE

In the meantime, Deputy Commissioner Mr. Quilter, Superintendent Bashiruddin and Deputy Inspector Mistri, working against time, quickly got themselves into suitable disguises and proceeded by Byculla and hid themselves, while Deputy Inspector Miranda proceeded straight to his residence where Rao Banadur Damjibhai was anxiously waiting to unload' the precious bundle, for the safe delivery of which he had taken special precautions.

The bundle delivered, things moved very fast and the Anti-Corruption Police appeared as if from nowhere at the secret invitation sent by Deputy Inspector Miranda. The lakh of rupees offered to Mr. Miranda was produced by him before the police who took charge of the same.

Gokulchand's arrest followed in quick succession and the police claim to have seized from his apartment in the Old Manager's bungalow at the Apollo Mills an interesting document in regard to the present case.

Both the accused have been offered bail in the sum of Rs. 1 lakh with a surety in the like amount.

MADRAS DRIVE AGAINST 'REDS'

Military Contingent Dispatched To N. Malabar

CALICUT, May 5 (API) Indian Grenadiers' military contingent consisting of about 300 men, which arrived here from Coimbatore today was dispatched to North Malabar to put down Communist trouble there.

The Inspector-General of Police, Mr. C.K. Vijayaraghavan, and the Deputy-Inspector General, Mr. O.L. Borro, proceeded to Cannanore to study the situation in disturbed areas. Mr. Vijayaraghvan, earlier held consultations with the Collector of Malabar.

The dispatch of military contigent is regarded here to mean that the Government of Madras have decided to launch a vigorous drive against Communists.

Case Against S. A. Communists

Accused Including Indian Let Off

JOHANNESBURG, May 5 (Reuter): Indictments against a group of South African Communist leaders, including an Indian, Hari Naidoo, three times arrested and charged, following the African Mine strikes of 1946, were quashed by the Special Criminal Court here today.

They were accused of sedition, but the judge held their defence was embarrassed by the indictment, in that it was not clear in what they were alleged to have taken part in gatherings where sedition was alleged to have been committed.

In addition to Naidoo, the accused were six Europeans and two Africans.

The judge said the Attorney-General would have an opportunity to frame a fresh indictment which would enable the accused to consider it fully and prepare their defence accordingly.

"In our opinion that course should be taken", he added.

GREEK CABINET RESHUFFLE

ATHENS, May 5 (Reuter):—Premier Themistocles Sophoulis today began reshuffling the Greek Cabinet and secured the assent of King Paul to a month's adjournment of Parliament in face of strong protests by the Opposition.

He and his Vice-Premier, M. Constantin Tsaldaris, saw the King this morning and announced that he had agreed to their plans.

M. George Papandreou, Republican Social Democrat leader, opposing them, immediately asked for an audience with the King.

The Opposition said the adjournment is unconstitutional unless it is decided by the House.

Parliament has been in recess since January and should meet next week.

MORE REDS EXECUTED

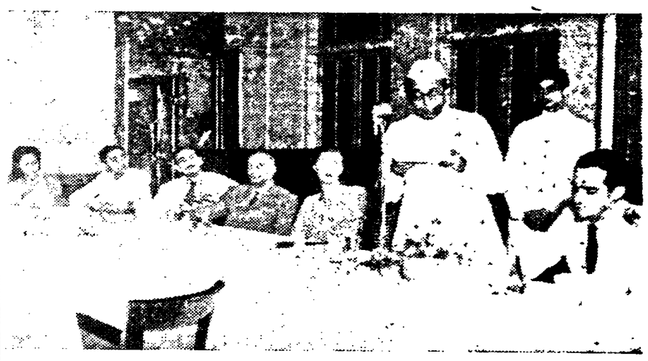
While these moves were made in Athens, 21 more "Communists were executed in Lamia, Central Greece, according to Press reports.

Greek authorities were unofficially reported to have put 151 Communists to death yesterday for their part in the left-wing rebellion of December, 1944.

M. Tsaldaris denied last night that the executions were in retaliation for the assassination on Saturday of M. Christos Ladas, Minister of Justice.

Later reports from Lamia said the 21 executed there today—including 6 women—were sentenced to death by military court for co-operation with the guerillas of Gen. Morkos.

KHER AT PROGRESSIVE GROUP



Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister of Bombay, addressing the meeting of the Progressive Group at the Taj Mahal Hotel on Wednesday evening.

ATROCIOUS FALSEHOOD ABOUT GODHRA CASUALTIES

Khwaja Shahabuddin On Pakistan Delegation's "Very Much Exaggerated Statement"

The attention of the Government of Bombay has been drawn to a report in the "New York Times" of April 15 quoting a communication from the Pakistan Delegation. According to this communication, which was sent to the Chairman of the Ad-Hoc Committee of the Economic and Social Council of the U.N.O. "Several thousand Muslims were killed on March 25-26, when they resisted attempts of Hindus and Sikhs to instalidols in a Muslim Mosque in Godhra", etc.

The Home Minister of the Government of Bombay, Mr. Morarji Desai, who proceeded to Godhra and made personal investigations on the spot, made a full statement on Godhra in the Bombay Legislative Assembly on March 29, that is, three or four days after the killings are alleged to have occurred.

TOTAL CASUALTIES.

He gave the total casualties suffered by all communities as well as the police, as sixteen killed and 25 injured. This statement of the Minister has not since been challenged by any responsible quarter. On the contrary, the then High Commissioner for Pakistan in India, Khwaja Shahabuddin, who was afforded all facilities to visit Godhra, in an interview to the Press on April 14 is reported to have said: "I could see from my short visit to Godhra that reports published in newspapers in respect of casualties, etc. in Godhra are very much exaggerated. Only 1/5th of the city was gutted. The whole city, as reported, has not been gutted. Similarly, the number of killed as reported is also not correct. There is more damage to property rather than to life. I can say from the information that I have got, that not a single woman or child had been attacked."

Therefore, the Pakistan Delegations allegation that "Several thousand Muslims were killed" is, to say the least, a deliberate and malicious untruth for which there is no parallel.

BEAT SOVIET AT 'WET' GAME

LONDON, May 5 (Reuter) Mr. Harold Wilson, 32-year-old British Trade Minister, claimed here publicly today that he was "probably the only one of His Majesty's Ministers who has drunk a Soviet Minister under the table".

He did not name the Russian.

Mr. Wilson, who conducted last successpul trade negotiating in Moscow, was speaking at a luncheon at the British Industries Fair.

EDEN ON SOVIET MENACE

LONDON, May 5 (Reuter): Mr. Anthony Eden, Britain's wartime Foreign Secretary declared in Parliament today that if the Russians persisted in their present methods—such as in Czechoslovakia and Berlin—they would risk an overwhelming calamity themselves and, alas, for the world."

Mr. Eden, who was speaking on the second and final day of a Foreign Affairs Debate in the House of Commons, urged the holding of conference of British Empire statesmen soon because of the "essential importance" of the Empire to the discussions on Western Union.

Asking whether the "men in the Kremlin' really believed that the Western way of life was doomed, Mr. Eden said: "If the Soviet Government do not belive this, they are surely running great risks of hazarding peace in acting as they do.

Successful negotiations could only be conducted with Russia on the basis of strength—when the Soviet Government learned that neither by abuse nor sabotage could it force the Western peoples to change their way of life.

He thought there were men in the Kremlin farseeing enough to understand this.

ATTLEE WANTS KASHMIR DEADLOCK TO END

LONDON, May 5 (Reuter) Prime Minister Clement Attlee intervening tonight in the House of Commons debate on Foreign Affairs said it was vitally important that the quarrel between India and Pakistan should be settled.

"I hope the Commission appointed by the United Nations will go out to India and that conditions for a fair plebiscite will be arrived at."

Attlee Greets Rajaji

LONDON, May 5 (Reuter): Prime Minister Clement Attlee has sent the following message to the Governor-General-Designate of India Mr. Rajagopalichari: "I sent my warmest congratulaions on your appointment to the high office as Governor-General of India in succession to Lord Mountbatten and my best wishes in the distinguished task which has fallen to you."

(Continued On Page 5)

NO WORLD GOVERNMENT WITHOUT RUSSIA

Marshall On Fundamental Tasks Of U. N. O.

WASHINGTON, May 5. (Reuter): Mr. George Marshall, United States Secretary of State, told the House Foreign Affairs Committee to-day he was flatly opposed to any scheme for amending the United Nations Charter or excluding Russia from the United Nations

"The result would weaken us and expose us to even greater dangers," he declared.

Fundamental Task

Mr. Marshal said one of the fundamental tasks of the United Nations at present was "to dispel the misconceptions of the Soviet leaders and to bring about a more realistic view of what is possible and what is impossible in the relationship between the Soviet Union and the world at large."

The Committee is conducting hearings on a number of resolutions proposing alterations in the United Nations Charter and in American policy towards the United Nations.

Declaring that the United States was at present considering the increase of its military establishment "to restore the balance of power relationships required for international security," Mr. Marshall said: "The United States is acutely aware, the return of a sense of security to the free nations of the world is essential for the promotion of conditions under which the United Nations can function.

"The fact of military strength is of immediate and major importance in the present world situation.

"But it is not the element which will be paramount in the long run."

U.N.O. MUST BE SAVED.

Mr. Marshall insisted that any revision of the United Nations or formation of some form of world Government without Russia and her "satellites" would "probably destroy the present United Nations Organisation.

"The result would be a dispersal of the community of nations followed by the formation of rival military alliances and isolated groups of States.

"This result would weaken us and expose us to even greater dangers from those who seek domination of other states", he said.

A change in the form of international intercourse was not necessary he said.

It was a change of "substance" that was needed and "when the substance of the world situation improves, the United Nations will be able to function with full effectiveness.

"Let us not in our impatience and our fears sacrifice the hard-won gains that we now possess in the United Nations organisation".

The world's confidence in the United Nations had been shaken by events since the Charter was written in San Franscisco he said.

SERIOUS MISCONCEPTIONS.

'It became progressive clearer that serious misconceptions prevailed in the minds of the leaders of the Soviet Union concerning western civilisation and the possibilities for developing stabilised working relations between the Sovet Union and the other members of the community of nations.

"It is a misconception to suppose that domination of the world by a single system is inevitable.

"It is a misconception to suppose that differing systems cannot live side by side in peace under the basic rules of international conduct prescribed by the Charter of the United Nations".

"When universal agreement to the Charter was achieved the strength of the major powers in relation to one another was such that no one of them could safely break the peace if the others stood united in defence of the Charter.

"Under existing world circumstances, the maintenance of a comparable power relationship is fundamental to world security", Mr. Marshall said.

U. N. Truce Commission To Meet Arab Representatives

Lebanon & Syrian Governments Deny Reports Of Troop Movements Into Jerusalem

JERUSALEM, May 5 (Reuter): The United Nations Truce Commission went from Jerusalem to the Biblical city of Jericho today to meet Arab States' representatives with the hope of starting peace talks.

A British official source named Syria, the Lebanon and Transjordan as the Arab States taking part.

With only 10 days to go before the British Mandate ends, efforts were made by the Commission—the consuls General in Jerusalem of France, the United States and Belgium—to start the talks yesterday but a Palestine Government official acting as intermediary was not then able to arrange a meeting in Jericho either by telephone or radio, a Jewish source said.

BATTLE ON PALESTINE SOIL

A Jewish Agency spokesman spoke of political "manoeuvering" in the Arab world at a Jerusalem Press Conference today and envisaged Transjordan and Iraq on the one side and Lebanon and Syria on the other fighting a battle of their own on Palestine soil.

TYPHOID IN ACRE

British Army Medical authorities rushed supplies and medical aid to Acre, north Palestine port today, to fight an outbreak of typhoid. Already 56 British servicemen, including 6 Palestine police constables, are down with the fever.

UNO ASSEMBLY MOVE FOR NEUTRAL COMMISSIONER

LAKE SUCCESS, May 5 (Reuter): The United Nations General Assembly will meet in plenary session tomorrow to consider the Trusteeship Council's report on its efforts to ensure the safety of Jerusalem.

The Assembly is expected to endorse the Trusteeship Council plan for a special Neutral Commissioner to take over in Jerusalem, thus enabling the British High Commissioner to begin talks with the Jews and Arabs on the choice of a candidate.

BRITISH TROOPS ALERT

TEL AVIV, May 5 (UPA): Haganah headquarters announced today that the Kfar Etzion settlement, halfway between Jerusalem and Hebron, repulsed an Arab attack with "heavy losses".

In Jerusalem, British Commander Macmillan alerted British forces against a threat by Stern forces of bloodbath.

The International Red Cross attempted to recover Arab bodies at Katamon, but the Jewish Agency refused to let Arab drivers of two trucks and Arab Red Cross workers to enter the Jewish territory.

The Jewish "Cabinet" which met for the first time today heard a solemn warning by prospective Premier David Ben Gurion that because of the return of British troops 'we must prepare for the worst".

REINFORCEMENTS ARRIVE

JERUSALEM, May 5 (UPA): British mechanized reinforcements arrived here today from Egypt.

TROOP MOVEMENTS DENIED

BEIRUT, May 5 (UPA): The Lebanese Govt. today assured United States Minister Lowell C. Pinkerton that no Lebanese troops had crossed into Palestine.

'Quake Tremor At Dehradun

DEHRADUN, May 5 (API) An earthquake tremor of slight intensity was felt here at 2-2 P.M. today.

Indo-Pakistan Postal Rates

NEW DELHI, May 5. (API): The Governments of India and Pakistan have decided to restore from May 15, 1948, the postage rates, which were in existence between the two countries before April 1, 1948, subject to minor adjustments.

Giri In Car Accident

COLOMBO, May 5. (Reuter): The car in which Mr. V. V. Giri, Indian High Commissioner, was travelling was slightly damaged when it collided with another car in Kandy yesterday. None of the occupants of the car was injured.

Mrs. Pandit For Stockholm

MOSCOW, May 5 (Reuter)

Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit, Indian Ambassadress to Russia, left here by air today for Stockholm for a week's private visit.

She was accompanied by her daughters Tara and Chandra Lekha.

Raja Amarnath Atal, former Finance Minister of Jaipur, who has been visiting Moscow, left on the same plane.

Achievements Of Bombay Govt.

KHER'S ADDRESS TO PROGRESSIVE GROUP

They Have Fulfilled The Only Test Of Creating Facilities To Develop Potentialities Of Citizens

BOMBAY, Wednesday:

"The ultimate criterion on which we must judge every Government is: What has it done to make the life of the people fuller and happier and to develop their potentialities for their individual as well as social good? If it fails to do so, then there is no other achievement which can atone for this basic failure—neither the accumulation of power, nor riches, nor industries," observed Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister of Bombay, speaking this evening on "Two years in the service of the people", under auspices of the Progressive Group, Mr. R. K. Karanjia presiding.

Mr. Kher's address was listened to not merely by the members of the Progressive Group but a large number of invitees and guests including Sir Ardeshir Dalal, Mr. and Mrs. G. V. Kitson and Mr. L. M. Patil, Excise Minister.

"Democracy is no doubt the Government of the people, by the people, for the people. But, of these three conditions, to my mind the third is the most important, namely, is it FOR the people, organised in THEIR interest, responsive to THEIR needs, sensitive to THEIR weal and woe? If it fulfils this condition, then—given good will and integrity—other defects and shortcomings can be set right; if this is absent, nothing else matters", continued Mr Kher.

Mr. Kher reminded his audience that the two years since April, 1946, when the present Government of Bombay came to power had been in many ways the most difficult and anxious and disturbing years of the present century.

OUT OF THAT BACKGROUND

Recalling the background or the framework within which his Government's work had to be carried out, Mr. Kher said, "You will remember that we inherited the Province from the Section 93 Government which was not, if I may put it mildly, a responsible popular Government and which was fully and almost exclusively pre-occupied with the war activities. Thus, in many directions, we had to start afresh, build from the beginning and try to eradicate traditions and practices which had become embedded in the system and struc-

BOYCOTT OF CHINA'S PARLIAMENT

'Two Parties' Threat To Kuomintang

NANKING, May 5 (Reuter). Two of China's minor political parties today threatened to boycott the new parliament unless they were allowed representation in the Legislative Yuan as promised by the Kuomintang (Government Party).

They were the Young Chin and Social Democrat parties whose delegates met Generalissimo Chiang Kai shek to make their attitude on the dispute.

Both parties are to hold an emergency conference to decide their stand on the composition of the Legislative Yuan, where elected Kuomintang members have refused to answer calls to give up their seats to enable the minor parties to receive their allotted quota.

American Equipped Koreans To Fight For Chiang

LONDON, May 5 (UPI). The United States of America has approved the use of Korean force to intervene in China's civil war, the United Press of India learns.

Fifty thousand young men recruited in South Korea, under American occupation, armed with American weapons are to fight for Chiang Kai-Shek against the Chinese Communists. The first ten thousand have already been recruited.

The "offer" to recruit and despatch these men was made at the instigation of General Hodges, Commander of U. S. troops in South Korea.

This Korean army on its return after the completion of tasks in China is expected to act as a nucleus of an army opposing the Peoples Movement, in North Korea occupied by Russia.

Inspector-General Of French Forces

PARIS, May 5 (Reuter): The French Cabinet today approved the appointment of General Jean Delattre De Tassigny as Inspector-General of the Armed Forces - a new post created under the recent reorganisation of the High Commands of the Army, Navy and Air Force.

General Delattre De Tassigny sprang into fame in November, 1942 by his brave but hopeless attempt to prevent the Germans overrunning unoccupied France.

Court-martialled and sentenced to ten years imprisonment he later escaped and went to London, he joined General De Gaulle in North Africa in 1943 and led the French Army in the invasion of Southern France in the following year.

Baldev Singh And Gadgil Meet Sardar

MUSSOOREE, May 5 (API) Sardar Baldev Singh, Defence Minister, and Mr. N.V. Gadgil, Minister for Works Mines and Power, arrived here today and met Sardar Patel, Deputy Prime Minister at Birla House. They are leaving for Delhi tomorrow.

Civic Address For Sardar Baldev Singh

POONA, May 5 (API).—The Poona District Local Board has decided to present an address of welcome to Sardar Baldev Singh Defence Minister and Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Minister for Works, Mines and Power on May 8.

The two Ministers will be in Poona on that day in connection with the recruiting mela to be held here.

CHICAGO, May 4 (Reuter) Mediation efforts failed today to avert the strike which 190,000 American railwaymen threaten to start on May 11.

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio:

Naval Tata's Appeal To Indian Sportsmen

BY J. C. MAITRA

The President of the Indian Hockey Federation, Naval H. Tata, in an appeal to the public says, "as you are no doubt aware, the Indian Olympic Association are trying to collect Rs. 3,00,000 to defray the cost of sending hockey, football, athletic, swimming and boxing teams to the forthcoming World Olympiad. The Maharaja of Patiala, as Chairman of the Central Olympic Fund is endeavouring to raise this amount, but I hear the response has been very poor.

The Government of India have promised to contribute Rs. 1,00,000 which sum, in addition to the donations of Rs. 60,000 collected, fall short of the target.

A TRAGEDY

"In view of the poor response", Tata proceeds, "it has been suggested to the Indian Hockey Federation that they make their own effort to raise the money to send a hockey team to defend the title that India has held for the last 20 years. It would be a tragedy if in the very first year of our National Government, India did not defend her only World Championship."

"The usual procedure for raising funds for such causes by organisations like ours is from exhibition matches. However, it has been our sad experience that the nett profits from exhibition matches have been little or nothing."

"INDIAN HOCKEY BALL"

"In an endeavour to tap other sources," Tata points out, "the Bombay Provincial Hockey Association have decided to stage an "Indian Hockey Ball", at the Cooperage on Saturday, May 8. Needless to say the success of the venture will depend largely on public response."

"It will be appreciated that from functions like dances it is difficult to collect substantial sums of money, and unless special donations from public spirited individuals, firms and public charities are forthcoming, there is very little hope of reaching the target of Rs. 3,00,000. Incidentally many believe this sum is not likely to cover the cost of sending so many teams."

LEAD BY TATAS'

Then Naval announces, "Tata's have donated Rs. 10,000 towards the I.H.F. Fund, while Mr. S. P. Jain, on behalf of Messrs. Dalmia Jain, has very kindly promised a further sum of Rs. 5,000. Further financiel assistance of this kind is a dire necessity, and I am sure the Bombay public will live up to their age-old reputation of helping deserving causes."

"Incidentally, I may mention that the Pakistan Government have donated Rs. 5,00,000 for their Olympic team, and a formidable hockey side has been selected. The team is likely to tour Pakistan hockey centres and Egypt on their way to England, and are determined to wrest the coveted championship from India.

DUTY OF SPORTSMEN

In conclusion Tata states, "apart from meeting the expenses of the Olympic side, donations are needed for improving the crippled finances of the I.H.F. Without such support it would be impossible for the I.H.F. to foster their popular game."

I need hardly add anything to commend this appeal to the public for their generous support. Free India cannot afford to throw away the only opportunity which enhances her prestige in the world of sport. The entire civilised world will be represented at this World Meet in London. India must take her rightful place among them. I have no doubt every self-respecting Indian—and sportsmen at that—feels that way. So a prompt response to the appeal is urgently called for.

W. INDIES CRICKET TEAM'S TOUR

Subbaroyan's Confidence In Indian Players

TRICHY, May 4. (A.P.I.): Dr. P. Subbaroyan, former President of the Board of Control for Cricket in India, in an interview to the Associated Press of India on the forthcoming West Indies Cricketers tour of India said that he was sure that the India team which did very well in Australia would "prove equal to the task on its own ground with the help of Vijay Merchant". Whoever wins I am sure friendship between the West Indies and India will be the result, for cricket is a great cementer of friendships and it is this which is the prime object of the tour", he said.

He expressed the hope that the coming season would make people think that Indian cricket had not only reached a high standard but was well on the way to make India a power in the cricket world.

'OUR TEAM.'

Our team no doubt did very well in Australia and earned the reputation of being the best touring side that had ever been in Australia which complement was reiterated by Bradman in London. I hope Vijaya Merchant will now be able to take part in the coming test matches because his batting will add greatly to our strength. Sarwate seems to have come back from Australia a better bowler. I watched him for sometime at Madras. He seems to me faster in the air and came off the pitch quicker. He was too good for our very moderate batting but how he will fare against class batsmen who could move quickly on their feet must be seen. I believe Amarnath is as good as he was in Australia though he failed in the tests. In Hazare we have a reputable batsman who seems to have to temperment for big cricket. Mankad must of course be our sheet-anchor as far as bowling is concerned and he also proved in Australia that he was perhaps the greatest all-rounder in cricket to-day.

Dr. Subbaroyan continued: "Constantine has complained of racial prejudice even in cricket, but that problem will not arise in India, as we have been brought up in the ideal that all men are equal".

Indian To Cover Tests At Olympic

LONDON, May 5. (Reuter): Berry Sarbadhikari, an Indian cricket writer, arrived in England by air to-day from India to cover the Anglo-Australian cricket tests and the Olympic Games.

NARENDRA NATH'S EASY WIN

LONDON, May 5. (Reuter): Narendra Nath, of the Indian Davis Cup squad, was an easy two sets winner over Bobby Thorn, Britain, in the third round of the men's singles Hurlingham Lawn Tennis Tournament which continued here to-day.

Narendra Nath, who won 6/3, 6/2, was too versatile and too severe on the volley for Thorn.

Yugoslavia Beats Turkey In Davis Cup

ISTANBUL, May 5. (U.P.A.): Rain, washing out the last two singles matches in Turkey's first round Davis Cup tie against Yugoslavia, left the latter with a 3-0 victory to line up against Italy in the second round.

Drage Mitic, Yugoslavia, beat M. Suzana, Turkey, 6-1, 6-1, 6-0; Josip Palada, Yugoslavia, beat Fermi Kizil, Turkey, 6-2, 1-6 8-6, 6-3; and, Mitic and Palada beat Kizil and M. Cihat 6-2, 6-3, 6-3.

Danes One Up

COPENHAGEN, May 4 (Reuter):—After two days' postponement because of rain, the first round Davis Cup tie between Denmark and Egypt opened here to-day.

Torben Ulrich of Denmark won the opening singles against Adly Shaffi, Egypt. 6/1, 7/5, 5/7, 5/7, 8/6.

In the second singles match Andre Najar of Egypt won the first set from Kurt Nielsen, Denmark, 6/3, and Nielsen took the second 6/2 when play was discontinued owing to bad light. The match will be continued to-morrow, weather permitting.

New Football Association For Maharashtra

BOMBAY, May 5. (A.P.I.): At a committee meeting of the Western India Football Association held on May 4, 1948, it was agreed to accept the affiliation of the newly formed Maharashtra Football Association, and permit them to be the sole governing body for football for Maharashtra under the control of the Western India Football Association.

The Maharashtra Football Association superceds the Maharashtra Football Federation which Federation was placed under a ban by the Western India Football Association on the 15th May, 1947.

All football clubs in Maharashtra should contact Mr. G. T. Murti, Hon. Secretary, Mahrashtra Football Association, c/o I.E.M.E. School, Kirkee, Poona 3.

Calcutta Football

CALCUTTA, May 5. (A.P.I.): In the first division of the Calcutta Football League to-day, Sporting Union drew with Dalhousie, each scoring one goal.

THE MILLOWNERS' ASSOCIATION, BOMBAY

FAIR PRICE CLOTH SHOPS FOR THE CONSUMER

THE MILLOWNERS' ASSOCIATION, BOMBAY, will very shortly be opening FAIR PRICE SHOPS in various wards in Bombay for the sale of Cloth to the consumer. A further advertisement will follow shortly regarding the names and addresses of these shops, and the procedure to be followed by consumers in securing their requirements from these shops.

Descriptions of cloths to be retailed will also be announced.

Dated, 6th May, 1948.

N. S. V. AIYER, Secretary.

FARIDKOT ENTER SEMI-FINAL

Bengal's Late Recovery

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Faridkot	4
Bengal	2

Turning every advantage into a goal, the newly entered Faridkot side sprang to a four-love lead before the Bengal contignent rallied back to reduce the margin by two goals in less than one minute. With only seven minutes to go, the Bengal forwards found themselves hard pressed for time and failed to get the two remaining goals that would have given them the chance of a replay.

To Jansen, fell the honour of making all the mistakes of this match. Twice during the match he found himself in possession of the ball very near the goal line with only the rival custodian to beat. On each of these two occasions he tamely pushed the ball onto the pads on Meher Singh On a third occasion, he was even better placed with the entire goal at his mercy when he shot ball over the goal.

On the other hand, short-corners apart the winners had just four chances of scoring and on each one of them their forwards made certain. Playing better as a team than they have hitherto, they vindicated at least to a certain extent the unpopularity that they had merited by their previous performances. Besides their display today was as clean as that of any side, whether or not due to the presence of Scott to keep a charge over the game.

As the leader of the attack Udham Singh showed real merit and created many fine opportunities for his colleagues on either side by his brilliant stick-work, besides scoring the second and the third goal of his side. The third goal, incidentally, was converted from a penalty bully awarded by referee J.B. D'Sousa when C. Shaw, stopped the ball with his body to prevent Khushal Chand from scoring. The inside forwards Sadhu Singh and Ranjit Singh gave the leader of the attack ample support and had their side possessed speedy wingers the result might have showed a wider deficit for Bengal whose weak defence was never able to master the opposition to any reasonable degree.

In the deep defence Khushal Chand acted as a splendid complement to Trilochan Singh and between these two defenders the wily inner-trio of Bengal was not allowed to do as much damage as they might have done had the defence been weaker.

The choice of Bengal wingers was not quite happy. Those who remember the performance of St. Romaine on the right wing will not compare C. Dubey very favourably. Nor would Nyss stand much comparison with Sargeant. The hopes that the Calcutta Port Commissioners gave of proving to be considerable factor in the Nationals petered out and Bombay saw the curious spectacle of both the finalists of the Beighton Cup eliminated on two consecutive evenings.

The scorers of the match in that order were Gurbachan Singh and Udham Singh for Faridkot in the first half, and Udham Singh, and Sadhu Singh for Faridkot and Glacken and Jansen for Bengal in the second half. The teams:

FARDIKOT, Meher Singh Trillochan Singh and Khushall Chand; Gurbachan Singh; Rajinder Singh and Karnail Singh; Jaswant Rai, Sadhu Singh, Udam Singh, Ranjit Singh and Gurbachan Singh.

BENGAL: C. Shaw; C. Hodges and Soran Singh; S. Mookerjee, R. Da Luz and A. Das; C. Dubey, A. Singh, J. Glacken, P. Jansen and Nyss.

Thursday's match at 5-45 P.M. Bombay vs Mysore (First Semifinal).

RAIN DELAYS START OF 3-DAY MATCH AGAINST YORKSHIRE

Australian Fast Medium Bowler Meets With Accident

BRADFORD, May 5. (Reuter): A wet wicket following heavy overnight rain delayed the start of the three-day match between the Australian cricket tourists and Yorkshire to-day.

Weather cleared early this morning, but the pitch remained soft and the Captains, Brian Sellers and Lindsay Hassett, decided to make a start at half past twelve.

With Norman Yardley suffering from Lumbago and Gerald Smithson nursing an injured elbow, Yorkshire fielded the side which lost to the M.C.C. Bradman rested himself and Toshack still remained without a game.

SAM LOXTON INJURED.

Play opened with an accident to Sam Loxton, the Australian fast-medium bowler, who, in delivering his fourth ball—a noball—injured a groin muscle and is unlikely to play again in the match.

Against a swing attack, launched mainly by Miller and Johnson, Yorkshire lost three wickets for one run after an opening stand of 21 in 70 minutes.

Hutton, who concentrated on defence and scored only one single in the first hour, was caught at long-on at 21.

One run later Halliday was bowled in trying to on-drive Johnston, and at the same total Lester made a bad shot to give the silly mid-off an easy catch.

Hassett apparently decided not to risk Lindwall on the wet turf and the speed merchant had only one over at half pace.

William Watson, a left-hander who may gain test honours this season, and Coxson stayed until tea when the total was 38 for three.

On a pitch becoming increasingly difficult, Miller and Johnston met with little opposition and the innings which lasted two hours and three quarters closed for a beggarly 71 runs.

AUSTRALIA SCORES 38 FOR 3.

At close of play Australia were 38 for 4.

THE TEAM: YORKSHIRE: L. Hutton, H. Halliday, E. Lester, W. Watson, A. Coxson, T. Smailes, R. Aspinall, B. Sellers, J. Wardle D. Brennan,, E. Robinson, twelfth man: J. Whitehead

AUSTRALIANS: Hassett, Morris, Miller, Brown, Harvey, Lindwall, Tallon, Johnston, McCool, Luxton, Hamence Twelfth man: Saggers.

Hours of play:—11-30 a.m. to 6-30 p.m. lunch 1-30 and tea at 4-30 p.m. (all BST times).

SCOREBOARD.

YORKSHIRE (1st Innings.)

Watson b Johnston	6
Coxston b Johnston	14
Smailes c Brown b Miller	3
Aspinall c Harvey b Johnston	13
Sellers c Brown b Miller	0
Wardle b Miller	0
Brennan notout	3
Robinson c Lindwall b Miller	7
Extras	2
Total (all out)	71

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

Johnston	26	14	22	4
Miller	23.3	7	42	6
Loxton	1	1	0	0
Lindwall	4	1	5	0

Leg byes one, no balls one by Loxton.

Bombay Daily Copies Confiscated

HYDERABAD (Rn.) May 5. The copies of "Vishwamitra", a Hindi daily of Bombay, which arrived here by train on May 4 and 5 were confiscated by the police.

Sixth Explosion In Hyderabad

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) May 5. The sixth of the series of explosions here during the last few days occcurred at Sultan Bazar Head Police Station in the city at midnight last night creating a large crack in the rear wall of the station compound.

No casualties or arrests are reported.

The explosion is believed to have been caused by the detonation of a stick of dynamite placed in a gutter.

CENTRAL PARLIAMENTARY BOARD TO SOLVE W. BENGAL MINISTRY TANGLE

Requisition For Reconstitution Withdrawn At Congress Assembly Party Meeting

CALCUTTA, May 5 (API): The requisition submitted by a number of members of the West Bengal Congress Assembly Party for reconstitution of the West Bengal Ministry was withdrawn by the signatories when the Party met this afternoon to consider the requisition.

The members met punctually at 4 o'clock at the residence of the Party leader, Dr. B. C. Roy. The requisitionists, numbering 22 arrived in a batch just in time, and when they had all met together they handed over a letter to the Leader intimating that they did not propose to decide the issue by voting because they agreed with the suggestion of the President of the B.P.C.C. that the ministerial tangle should be solved either by discussion among party members or by referring the whole matter to the Central Parliamentary Board.

Following the withdrawal of the requisition, the meeting dispersed, as there was no other item on the agenda.

B. P. C. C. PRESIDENT'S STATEMENT

In a statement made last night, the BPCC President, Mr. Surendra Mohan Ghosh, referred to proposals which had been discussed yesterday to refer the matter to the Congress Central Parliamentary Board, or to a Committee of six. There were differences on these between the two groups, Mr. Ghosh, however, suggested that the Central Parliamentary Board could take up the whole matter in its inherent rights.

Mr. Ghosh said: "I have always been of opinion that no Ministry can properly function with a party sharply divided into almost two equal sections. Even now I hold that opinion.

"I allowed the requisitionists to use my name only as a last recourse in the hope that this might help in healing up the breach in the party. I now see that my expectation has not been fulfilled. For this I do not like to apportion blame to this or that section.

"Now, if the question is pushed to voting in the party meeting, this or that section may win only by a narrow margin. Whichever section may win, it will not be helpful in the formation of a stable ministry; rather, it is likely to divide the party almost irrevocably.

ADMISSION OF FAILURE

"Today (Tuesday) morning, I was asked to meet Dr. Roy and some of his supporters and I met seven or eight of them at Shri Kiran Shankar Roy's house. After long discussion, a proposal was put forward by Sri K. S. Roy and supported by Dr. Roy and others that the matter be referred to the Central Parliamentary Board.

"I was not quite happy at the proposal as it implied an admission of failure on our part to achieve unity. However, I was persuaded to accept the proposal, and I met the requisitionists and discussed the proposal with them. I was then asked by them to meet Dr. Roy and his supporters to get their endorsement. When I met them this evening, I found them not agreeing to send the real issue—i.e. of forming a stable ministry and healing up the breaches in the party—to the Central Parliamentary Board. They could agree only to make a partial and conditional reference. I consider this to be ungraceful—while dealing with the highest authority in the matter and also avoiding the real issue.

"There was also another proposal from the requisitionists, to refer the whole matter to a Committee of six—two each from the two groups, the leader (Dr. B. C. Roy) and the President of the BPCC (myself). To this also objection has been raised from Dr. Roy's side.

"So I have no course left for me. Yet I can suggest that the Central Parliamentary Board, by virtue of its inherent rights, should take up the whole question of reconstituting the ministry so that it can enjoy the confidence of the party as a whole and so that the unity of the party may be restored".

MADHYA BHARAT STATE

Will Be Inaugurated By Nehru On May 14

INDORE, May 5. (A.P.I.): The interim cabinet of Madhya Bharat State of Gwalior-Indore-Malwa, headed by Pandit Liladhar Joshi, Premier, will be sworn in on May 14, when Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India, will formally inaugurate the United States at Gwalior.

The Interim cabinet will, it is learnt, consist of among others Messrs. Radhelal Vyas, Gopikrishna Vija Vargeiya, President of the Central India Regional States Peoples Conference, V. V. Dravid, Labour Minister, Indore State, and Syed Hamidali, General Secretary, Central India Peoples' Conference.

The Government of Madhyabharat will take over the administration of all covenating states of Central India as soon as practicable and in any event not later than July 1, 1948, said Mr. Radhelal Vyas, Revenue Minister, Gwalior State, in an interview.

PATIALA AND EAST PUNJAB STATES' UNION

Covenant Signed By Rulers: Sardar's Tribute & Princes' Assurance

NEW DELHI, May 5. (A.P.I.): The rulers of Patiala, Kapurthala, Faridkot, Jind, Nabha, Khalsia, Nalagarh and Malerkotla to-day signed a covenant for the formation of a Union.

The new Union will be known as the Patiala and East Punjab States Union but a final name for the Union, it is learnt, will be decided upon at a later date. The choice of the capital for the Union has been left to the Constituent Assembly of the Union.

The signing ceremony took place to-day in Patiala House in New Delhi.

A press "communique" issued by the States' Ministry says:

"A covenant for the formation of Patiala and East Punjab States Union was signed to-day by the rulers of the East Punjab States. The inauguration of the Union has been fixed to take place on the 15th July and it is expected that all the uniting states will have transferred their administration by the 20th August, 1948.

"The new state will compose an area of over ten thousand square miles with a population of about 3 1/2 million, and a revenue of about rupees five crores. The union includes the premier Punjab state of Patiala, which has a population of about two million and has so far been recognised as a viable unit.

FEATURES OF COVENANT.

"One of the important features of the Covenant is the provision for execution by the Raj Pramukh on behalf of the Union of an instrument of accession giving power to the dominion legislature to make laws for the new State on all matters in List I and List III in the Schedule VII of the Government of India Act, 1935, except the entries in list relating to any tax or duty.

The Maharaja of Patiala will be the Raj Pramukh of the union for life; the Maharaja of Kapurthala will be the Uparajpramukh for life.

SARDAR'S MESSAGE.

After the Covenant was signed, Mr. V. P. Menon, Secretary States' Ministry, conveyed the following personal message from the Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of States, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

"I am very pleased to know that the rulers of Patiala, Kapurthala, Nabha, Jind, Faridkot, Malerkotla, Nalagarh and Kalsia have signed a covenant integrating their States into the Patiala and the East Punjab States Union. With the formation of this Union the process of integration of Indian States is practically complete. As your Highnesses are aware, this process started as recently as December, 1947, and it is indeed very gratifying that, thanks to the willing consent and patriotic cooperation of the rulers as well as the people of the States, this difficult work has been brought to a successful close in such an astonishingly short period. But for the patriotic assistance of the rulers, it would have been quite impossible to finish this work so soon. The princely order in India have contributed greatly to the strength of our Motherland by their spirit of sacrifice and their prompt decision to subordinate their own personal feelings and interests to the larger interests of the country.

TRIBUTE TO PATIALA.

"I should like to add a special word of appreciation to His Highness the Maharaja of Patiala. Patiala has separate representation in the Constituent Assembly and we have always realised that with its natural resources, the State could stand on its legs. His Highness has, however, willingly agreed to pool the resources of his State with those of the other States in the East Punjab, and by so doing he has enabled us to build up a unit comparable in size and population to some of the largest units which we have hitherto formed. I am particularly grateful to his highness for the commendable public spirit shown by him. No less am I grateful to Your Highnesses of the other States for your wise and statesmanlike decision.

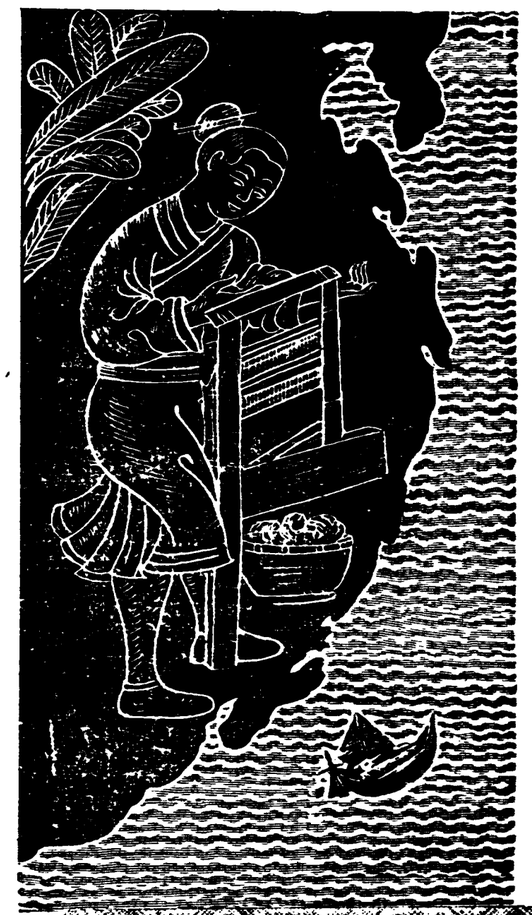
"I see a great future for the new union. The area is rich in agricultural and natural resources. I am confident that it will become even more prosperous by sharing in our plans of future development. But what is more important is that the people of these States are naturally industrious and are well-known throughout the world for their extraordinary physical courage and powers of endurance. In their contribution to the defence of the country, they have been second to none. I have no doubt that your State will be the bulwark of our country in the days to come."

RULERS ASSURANCE.

The Maharaja of Patiala speaking on behalf of the rulers of the East Punjab States, requested M. V. P. Menon to convey their assurance to Sardar Patel that he could count on their sincere effort to make this Union strong. He stated that the East Punjab States had gone through a very difficult period and a heavy task lay ahead of them. The Punjab States were geographically so situated as to constitute the frontier of India. He and his brother princes, he added, were fully conscious of their responsibilities which he hoped, they will be able to shoulder by mutual co-operation and the help of the Ministry of States. The Maharaja added that the people of the Punjab States were primarily soldiers and they looked upon the Sardar as a great soldier. He affirmed that the Sardar will have the fullest support of the New Union in making India strong.

The Maharaja of Kapurthala said that he would give full co-operation in making the union a success.

China – India's cotton market of the 4th century



There is plenty of historical evidence to show that China was one of India's principal cotton markets in the fourth and fifth centuries. But the brainy Chinese were not satisfied with the trade; they also imported India's Churga Gin and improved it by replacing the hand crank with a foot treadle. The illustration, taken from a 15th century Chinese Encyclopaedia, shows the Chinese Gin in operation.

Founded in 1886, the Calico Mills form one of India's largest Single units and, with the Jubilee Mills, produce over 1,75,000 yards of fabrics a day. To-day, more than ever before, its facilities are serving the Nation's efforts to fight the cloth shortage.

Sarees—Dhotis—Mull—Printed Fabrics—Mosquito Netting—Sewing Threads—Furnishing Fabrics.

Calico Mills

WEAVING TO KEEP THE NATION GOING

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Managing Agents KARAMCHAND PREMCHAND LIMITED. Post Box 28, Ahmedabad.

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CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Vad 12, 2004.
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akher 25, 1367.
Parsi: Ader 6, 1317.
Sunrise: 6-8 a.m. Sunset: 19-2 p.m.
Hightide: 10-24, 22-22.
Lowtide: 04-09, 16-14.
MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: 3-40 p.m. (S. T.).

To-day's Engagements

RAHNUMAI SABHA: Today (Thursday), at 6-15 p.m., at K. R. Cama Oriental Institute Library Hall, Apollo Street Ervad N. D. Minocheherhomji of Nasik Boys' Town will speak on "Nation and Drama".

Y. M. C. A.: Free Cinema Show of Documentary Films, at 12 Wodehouse Road, today (Thursday), at 7 p.m.

GIRGAUM CONGRESS COMMITTEE. Congress Corporators of "D" Ward and Congress workers will assemble at Tardeo Taluka Congress Committee, 78, Sleater Road, near Grant Road Station, on Friday, (7th May), at 8 a.m. and will visit Tardeo locality. Residents of the Ward having grievances are requested to be present.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUND: The Municipal Commissioner will meet elected members of Wards Nos. 22 and 23, on Friday, (7th May) at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.) at Connaught Road Junction Ghorupdeo Road and go round with them in the Wards.

SOUTH INDIAN BHAJANA SAMAJ: Bhagavatham series to-day (Thursday) 8-30 p.m. Kuchelamahima. To-morrow (Friday) 8-30 p.m. Rukmani Vivaham.

ON RETURN FROM
DELHI & U. P. TOUR
PRITHVIRAJ
Presents to Lovers
of SHANTI & EKTA
DEEWAR
ON SAT. 8TH 9-30 A.M.
PATHAN
ON SUN. 9TH 9-30 A.M.
ON THE STAGE OF
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Plans open Book now

RIVOLI
Matunga B.B. & C.I. Rly.
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Matinee on Sunday at 1 p.m.
WASTI, SULOCHANA CHATTERJEE and MADHURI
IN
"D O L I"

9th CROWDED WEEK
RAKAISH PRODUCTIONS
ZANJEER
with Begum Para, Balwant Singh and K. R. Singh, Jagdish Sethi Latika and Gope
at KRISHNA
3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
A LIBERTY ART release

RANJIT'S
PIYA GHAR AJA
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
Sun., Matinee 12-30
CENTRAL

STATE MEDICAL FACULTY, BOMBAY

Result of the Final L.M.P. Examination held in April 1948. The following candidates have passed the Examination.

2 3 11 12 15 16 17 24 25 28 32 38 25 33 38 42 44 45 52 53 56 57 62 67 68 70 71 72 73 74 78 79 81 83 85 88 89 94 97 99.

Number 42 stands first in order of merit.

The percentages of passing comes to 42.9.

MEMORIAL SERVICE FOR K. NATARAJAN

A memorial service for Kamakshi Natarajan will be held on Sunday (May 9) at 10-15 a.m. at Kamakshi House, Bandra.

Roopa Kala Kendra

Roopa Kala Kendra, the new dance centre recently opened in Bombay will hold their second gathering on Sunday, the 9th inst. at the Khalsa College Hall, Matunga, at 6 p.m. Miss Shirin Vajifdar, the well-known dance exponent will give a talk on the art of dancing with demonstrations and recitals on the techniques of Bharat Natyam, Kathakai, Manipuri and Kathak dances to the members of the Kendra and their guests. The talk will be illustrated by a number of classical and folk dances by Shirin and her pupils. Non-members who are interested can obtain admission cards from the Secretary, 276 Telang Road, Matunga.

Hotel Owners Want More Milk Powder

A meeting of the hotelowners of the City and Suburbs was held under the auspices of the Bombay and Suburban Hotel Owners' Association on May 3 in Multani Dharmashala Hall, Narayan Dhuru Street, under the presidentship of Sjt. Himmatlal Shambhushankar Pathak. The spokesmen of the hotel owners expressed their dissatisfaction at the drastic reduction effected by the office of the Milk Commissioner in the fixed quota of the skimmed milk powder allotted to the hotel owners. The meeting requested the Government to supply full quota of the milk powder till the restriction on use of milk in hotels was withdrawn.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY, Thursday, May 6

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Ganpatram Kapadia 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 V. K. Pradhan 8-45 Mohinichandra Krut Geeto 9-0 B. N. Kshirsagar 12-0 p.m. Vanita Mandal 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Variety 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 The London Symphony Orchestra 4-20 Y. S. Mirashi 5-0 Saraswati Veena Duet 5-15 Children's Half Hour in Eng. 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Vasantrao Tuljapurkar 6-30 Y. S. Mirashi 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 Sitar Aur Jaltarang 7-30 Jirnoddhar 7-45 Khajanchi 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Sarod Aur Sitar 8-45 "Chandanyat Mrityu" Marathi sketch written by Anant Kanekar 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News Relay 9-40 Musical Interlude 9-45 Sports Review (English) By Jal C. Engineer 10-0 "Call Yourself a Detective" No. 1 10-25 Music of the Theatre.

VARIATIONS.

41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)—7-40 a.m. Panant Zali 5-45 p.m. Vasantrao Tuljapurkar 6-45 Calling Rural Listeners.

61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)—7-45 p.m. Commercial News 8-0 Jaswant Shah 8-15 Sundramma Raghaviah 9-0 Sundramma Raghaviah 9-20 Shalini Narvekar 10-0 Shalini Narvekar 10-30 Y. S. Mirashi.

8TH WEEK!
BOMBAY CINETONE'S
SAMRAT
Ashok
VEENA, SAPRU, SHAMIM
Produced & Directed by K. B. LALL
Also
THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD BAPU
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
A DIAMOND Release

Photo taken on the occasion of the opening ceremony of the Traffic Office at Santa Cruz of Indian Overseas Airlines by Raja Sir Maharaj Singh, Governor of Bombay. On the right of the Governor is Mr. J. M. Akhaney, Chairman of the Company and on the left Lady Maharaj Singh.

'GANDHI PILLARS' AS NATIONAL MEMORIAL

The editor of the "Kalki" and some prominent Congressmen of Madras have adumbrated a scheme of 'Gandhi Pillar' on the Asokan model as a lasting memorial to the Mahatma. They have approached top rank Congress leaders and also canvassed opinion of the A.I.C.C. delegates during the recent session for the scheme. According to a bulletin issued:

"The Gandhi Pillar as a memorial is not suggested for the benefit of the present generation that knows the Mahatma. Millions have seen him. Millions and millions have heard his voice. But all these millions who have seen him and who have heard him have also to die one day and perhaps after another three or four generations there may not be anyone left in this great land who could with pride say 'I have seen Gandhiji... I have heard Gandhiji.'

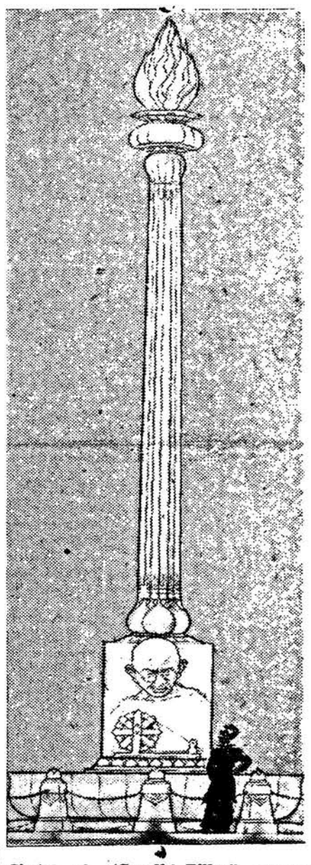
The Gandhi Pillar will stand for two thousand years and perhaps more, to remind the generations to come of the great teachings of the Mahatma, while other memorials like Schools, Town halls, etc., in brick and mortar will crumble to peices within a century.

The Gandhi Pillar will not be a common place memorial like statues that are erected for all sorts of people, from a municipal servant to a minister. It will, on the other hand, stand for ages as the pillar of propaganda to propagate the teachings of Gandhiji. It will stand under the sky as a beacon light to erring mankind.

On one side of the Gandhi Pillar will be a bass relief of Gandhiji with the Charka. The other three sides will contain inscriptions from his teachings—on one side in Hindustani our national language—on the other side in English, the international language and on the third side, in the provincial language. Religious books the world over gather with time interpolations but not so the inscriptions on the imperishable stone pillar.

The Gandhi Pillar raised all over the country will be uniform in size and substance and by this very character, it can be truly called a national memorial. There is no idolatry in the idea; because there is neither idol nor temple nor any poola.

The Gandhi Pillars will not stand in the way of Gandhiji's programme being carried out either by the Government of the day or by the Congress or by the people. On the contrary, the pillars all over the land will keep watch over these and will constantly remind the State, the Congress and the people, the ideals for which Gandhiji lived and died.



Sketch of "Gandhi Pillar" proposed as memorial to the Father of the Nation.

Popular sentiment is bound to seek satisfaction in memorials as people understand them. If anything can go to stop all sorts of haphazard ideas of memorials not excluding raising of temples in memory of Gandhiji it is the Gandhi Pillar and the Gandhi Pillar alone that can do it

Governor Leaves For Mahabaleshwar

BOMBAY, Wednesday: The Governor of Bombay and Rani Maharaj Singh, attended by Mr. L. M. Nadkarni, I.C.S., Private Secretary, and Mr. R. S. Modi, A.D.C., left Bombay for "The Terraces" Mahabaleshwar.

House-Breaking In Daylight

A daylight house-breaking occurred at Baghdad Manzil, Khandia Street, yesterday, when two persons were stated to have been caught red-handed in closed rooms in the Manzil, by the Nagpada Police.

Getting information that two persons had entered into Block 2 of the Manzil, whose occupants happened to be out of Bombay, the Police hurried to the place. The front door was found intact, but the inner doors tampered with. The police broke open the door, and entered to find Gulam Nabi and Abdul Hamid, one in each room bolted from inside. Gulam Nabi is alleged to have removed a gun belonging to the occupant of the house and was holding it in his hand. Some cupboards also, were stated to have been broken open.

The accused were ordered to be remanded into police custody, at Mazagaon, today.

HYDERABAD, (Dn)., May 5

Syed Kasim Razvi, Majlis leader yesterday, told a "peace campaign" gathering of teachers here that the "Razakar spirit" must be infused into students entrusted to their care.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, May 5, (API): Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rain-fall in inches during the past 24 hours from April 1, 1948 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours IST on May 5, 1948:—

Ahmedabad 103 81 0 0 minus 0.1 Ahmednagar 105 73 0 0.1 minus 0.3 BOMBAY 91 79 0 0 minus 0.1 Calcutta 93 79 0 1.2 minus 1.2 Delhi 107 80 0 0 minus 0.4 Hyderabad (Dn) 107 81 0 2.1 plus 0.8 Lucknow 100 81 0 0 minus 0.3 Madras 98 83 0 0.4 minus 0.2 Mahabaleshwar 90 69 0 0.1 minus 1.2 Mysore 92 69 1.0 5.6 plus 2.3 Nagpur 113 86 0 0.5 minus 0.1 Patna 95 80 0 0 minus 0.3 Poona 104 75 0 0 minus 0.6 Sholapur 109 82 0 0.1 minus 0.5 Simla 79 59 0 1.7 minus 0.2

Weather Summary

Following is the weather summary for Wednesday, the May 5, 1948:—

Very few observations have been received from Western Pakistan, north-west and northeast India and Eastern Pakistan. Thunder-rain has been widespread in Mysore and Malabar. A few thundershowers are also reported from Gangetic West Bengal, in and near Darjeeling hills, in Chota Nagpur, the east United Provinces, the Madras Presidency, the south Bombay Deccan and the extreme south Konkan.

Temperatures have been markedly above normal in the Punjab and the North-West Frontier Province and appreciably above normal in Sind, North-West India, Central India and the Central Provinces. Many stations in the Punjab and Rajputana have recorded day temperatures above 110 degrees F.

Forecast until the 6th evening:—Thundershowers will occur locally in Assam, the east Central Provinces, Mysore and Malabar. A few thundershowers are also likely in Eastern Pakistan, Sub-Himalayan Bengal, the south Deccan and south-east Madras. Scattered thunderstorms may occur in Gangetic West Bengal Orissa, Chota Nagpur Bihar, the west Central Provinces Central India and along the north Madras coast Scattered dust and thunderstorms are likely in the east United Provinces and the East Punjab. Strong dust-raising winds are expected in the north-west Punjab and north Rajputana Day temperatures may fall slightly in the East Punjab, the north Central Provinces and Central India. Elsewhere, no large change in temperatures is expected.

Severe Measures Against Blackmarketing

Bombay Govt. To Stiffen Campaign

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Bombay Government will shortly stiffen its campaign against blackmarketeers and hoarders in the province and has commissioned their legal department to finalise certain plans in that direction. Mr Dinkerrao Desai, Civil Supplies Minister, told the "Bombay Chronicle" this morning

"The people of this province will not starve and Government will not hesitate to take the severest measures against hoarding and profiteering," the Minister stated, interviewed shortly after his return from New Delhi where he pressed Bombay's claims at the Food Ministers' Conference.

Mr. Desai said he was confident that the Centre would agree to allocate more grains to Bombay province in the light of his renewed plea at the conference. At present Bombay was getting 5,50,000 tons from the Central Pool and when the quota was raised, he said more fair price shops could be established in the rural districts than was being contemplated.

"This does not mean," he cautioned, "that Bombay's twelve ounce ration will be increased in the near future."

The Minister pointed out that increased supplies from the Centre could effectively bring down grain prices in the rural areas. He also hoped that more diesel oil will be supplied to agriculturists to help them step up production.

The cloth situation in the province, which had assumed serious proportions, concerned mainly the Centre, but the Bombay Government was watching the developments, Mr Desai said.

FIRM MANAGER ARRESTED

Mr. H. J. Saunders, the General Manager of an English Firm in the City, was arrested by Bombay C.I.D., this morning, for alleged contravention of Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order.

Messrs. Evans Fraser and Company, it appears, imported from Nottingham, three cases of "clydella" cloth, measuring about 437 yards, during 1947. It is alleged that the company failed to cause the necessary markings to be made on the cloth, and disposed them of even without obtaining a "release-order" from the Textile Commissioner, Bombay.

Mr. Saunders was released on bail, at Mazagaon.

Charges Of Trafficking In Firearms Fail

Holding that the bogus customer in the case was thoroughly unreliable and a stooge of the police, Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, acquitted John Stirling and Archibald Proudfoot, of the charges of being in possession of fire arms and trafficking in them on November 19, 1947.

The story for the prosecution was that the accused had in their possession or under their control eight revolvers and sixty rounds of ammunition without a licence and that they sold them to one G M Bhasin—the bogus customer in the case. The police alleged that when they raided their premises they found the revolvers and ammunition in a bag.

The learned Magistrate held that the defence contention that the arms and ammunition were planted—near them was quite possible. Besides the alibi of the first accused that he was out of Bombay, during the period, was borne out by the evidence of two responsible ministers of the Methodist Church, who testified to that effect.

BREAK-DOWN IN TRAIN SERVICE

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Two break-downs in the suburban train service last night, one on the B. B. & C. I. and the other in the Harbour Branch of the G.I.P., threw the schedule of timings completely out of gear. The earlier services in the morning were also late.

While the break-down of the Harbour Branch service is learnt to be due to a failure of the signalling system, at 7-30 last night a train broke down at Parel. Since the train had to be dragged in tow to Bandra to be berthed there for repairs, it threw the suburban service schedule out of gear.

INDIAN STUDENTS' EDUCATION IN U.K.

Miss Ranga Rao Suggests New Approach To Question

BOMBAY, May 5 (API). The well-known educationist Miss Shanti Ranga Rao in a statement here today suggested a new approach to the question of India Students' education in the United Kingdom, "so as to ensure the highest possible return for the heavy expenditure involved.

Miss Ranga Rao has returned from an eleven-month visit to the United Kingdom, where she had been deputed by the Government of India to advise the Indian High Commissioner on the educational and other problems of the Indian students.

"The exodus of Indian students to Britain has steadily increased from 1945, and India today heads the world list in her export of youth of foreign education," Miss Ranga Rao said. The universities and other institutions in U.K. however, were able to admit only a small portion of the very large number of candidates seeking admission especially in view of reservation of 90 percent of the seats in for ex-Servicemen.

Miss Ranga Rao said she regretted she had been unable to achieve "all that was intended when the Government of India charged me with the special mission.

She said though a few of her proposals had been implemented in London, she believed her report and full statements had not yet reached the appropriate authorities in India, and "it is essential that the relevant details corrected with my work abroad are made known to those concerned in India."

PHYSICAL EDUCATION FOR INDIANS

NEW DELHI, May 5:

The Ministry of Education, Government of India, have recently appointed a committee on Physical Education to prepare a scheme for a Central Training College of Physical Education. Dr. Tara Chand, Educational Adviser to the Government of India, is the Chairman of the committee.

At its first meeting held in New Delhi on Monday the committee defined the purpose of the proposed as training of teachers for physical education for the Centrally Administered Central College of physical education tered Areas, advanced course in physical education for training teachers in organization and administration, training of coaches as well as play and recreation leaders and publication of information and literature on Physical Education. The committee also decided that in the proposed college research work on physical education would be carried on by students as well as teachers.

The Committe appointed a sub-committee to work out the details regarding the preparation of the syllabus and the duration of the course.

It was also decided that individual members of the committee should prepare memoranda on a programe of physical education and recreation for the country as a whole which would be considered by the committee at its next meeting on June 24, 1948.

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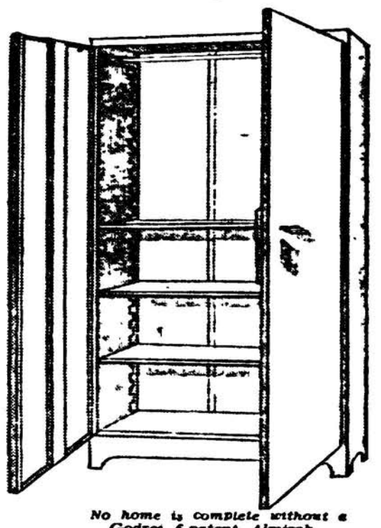

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On FRIDAY, 7th May, 1948 at 6-00 p.m.
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You are cordially invited to visit the fair and get acquainted with our various industries — big and small and find out for yourself what India Can Produce.
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They will enjoy a trip to the entertainment world having a Giant wheel, Aeroplane, Merry Go Round, Lily and Tomy Dog Show, Lele's Paintings, Gujarati Plays etc., etc.
Admission: Adults 5 annas (including tax)
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AZAD MAIDAN
DHOBI TALAO, BOMBAY.
(On 7th May tickets to general public will be issued after 8 p.m.)

The Bombay Chronicle

False democracy shouts, Every man down to the level of the average. True democracy cries, All men up to the height of their fullest capacity for service and achievement.

—NICHOLAS MURRAY BUTLER

STIRRING UP TROUBLE

Reactionary Britain has suddenly developed an interest in Hyderabad and the Nizam. The London "Times" in commenting on Sri Rajagopalachari's appointment to the Governor Generalship makes better relations between India and Pakistan dependent on the Government of India allowing for "Muslim susceptibilities by sympathetic examination of the internal difficulties of Hyderabad". Mr. R. A. Butler during the Commons debate on foreign policy even suggested accepting Hyderabad, if she desired it, as a member of the British Commonwealth and desired Britain to uphold Hyderabad's claim to independence. Hitherto, Pakistan has kept a wise silence over Hyderabad. But after the London "Times" direct incitement, there will no doubt be expressions of agitated interest: and Mr. Butler's hint that Britain is not out of the picture will help this incitement. Since both the leads have been forced on irrelevant occasions, the impression in India will be that they reveal a concerted attempt at mischief. A flood of light is thrown by the official British line in the Security Council which shows that the Labour Government is not free from reactionary influences. The meaning of all this is quite plain. Not everybody in Britain is reconciled to the rise of a Free India. The fact is recognized but the temptation to make things as difficult as possible has proved irresistible. That occasions have to be found for encouraging an outside force like Pakistan and a marginal area like Hyderabad is indirectly a compliment to the essential sanity of Indian political opinion which is solid in support of our leaders. So long as the problems are considered in India as so many threats to political unity, these pin-pricks need not be feared.

The pontifical advice of the London "Times" reveals its own ignorance. What are the "internal difficulties of Hyderabad" which are not of the Nizam's own making? Does the "Times" approve of his policy of undiluted autocracy or of his present categoric repudiation of Democracy? Does Mr. Butler hold out to the Nizam an assurance that in the Commonwealth he can expect British support for his internal administration? Does Mr. Butler propose to back the Nizam with British guns and British troops? These are questions which cannot be lightly brushed aside By asking them, the hollowness of the contention of British reactionaries stands exposed. But the fact that both the "Times" and Mr. Butler are superficial, does not lessen their capacity for stirring trouble. And that, after all, is their main object.

This should serve as a timely warning to Indians that there is need for the greatest care in discussing our problems. There has been some amount of hard speaking and at times too much has been said. It is now necessary for restraint. Particularly in Hyderabad, we must bear in mind that, whilst the isolationists have only themselves to think of, India has a great responsibility for the people of India and Hyderabad and for the peace of both territories. Firmness must not be confused with violent language. Hyderabad is a part of India and the political arrangement must conform to that reality. Towards this end the Government and people of India must move with unity and decision. And nothing should be allowed to cause confusion in this solidarity.

Experiments In Politics

Pakistan's Prime Minister is developing a strange loquacity. In an address to a section of the armed forces, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan explained the reason for Pakistan coming into existence. It was because "we" wanted to make experiments in that laboratory on some of the principles taught "us" 1,400 years ago. Who he meant by "we", Mr. Liaquat did not say. But he vaguely indicated that the objective was to create conditions in which there would be no difference between the rich and the poor, "all enjoying the same rights and privileges". A privilege enjoyed by everyone is no privilege. But that is beside the point and, perhaps above the head of Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan. What is interesting to note is that Pakistan's Prime Minister expects to prove to the world that the remedy for the ills of the world lies not in blind imitation of the West but in the pursuit of Islamic principles. In fairness to Mr. Liaquat Ali, it must be mentioned that he was keen on impressing on his public the necessity for a better understanding and firmer grasp of Islamic principles in Pakistan itself. His message, to word it in the more easily grasped language of the famous advertisement, was—Inner cleanliness comes first; an obvious restraint on the more fanatical who tend to demand immediate conformity with professions.

One wonders why, if Mr. Liaquat Ali is anxious to teach the world, it was necessary to withdraw from India into the laboratory of Pakistan to experiment in Islamic principles. The retreat suggests a certain lack of faith, if not in the principles, in the capacity of the League leaders to apply those principles. There is an element of modesty in Mr. Liaquat Ali's aim. He speaks of the world but he excludes by suggestion the West. Since he is out to expose blind imitation of the West, it follows that his message is not for the West. This makes it all the more difficult to understand his logic. Surely it would have been more effective to demonstrate the virtues of Islamic principles in India as a whole than to seek a smaller area, a laboratory, for experiment. Even Mr. Liaquat Ali cannot claim that by the retreat into Pakistan the Leaguers have increased the extent of Muslim influence in India. And, whatever Pakistan might intend for the Arab countries, it cannot be re-education in Islamic principles.

It was perhaps with a view to countering this charge that Mr. Liaquat Ali dwelt on Pakistan's reliance on her armed forces. Obviously he was restrained by the terms of the Minorities Agreement at Calcutta from referring to war between the two Dominions. But he did not abate his belligerency one bit for that account. The forces of Pakistan, he said, were to be got ready for an attack even from one of the biggest powers. Mr. Liaquat Ali is not Finance Minister in Pakistan and so he need not count the cost. At any rate, speaking as he was to the fighting forces of Pakistan, the Prime Minister could scarcely avoid a reference to war. But he might have avoided his needlessly ferocious interpretation of Pakistan's origins. To assert that history has no parallel to the sacrifices which "we" have made for the achievement of freedom, is to indulge in wild exaggeration. An orator is not required to prove his excesses and perversions of facts But Mr. Liaquat Ali should not forget his responsibility as Prime Minister in his anxiety to play the orator.

Hotel Keepers' Appeal

Mr. M. H. Vyas, Hon. Secretary, the Bombay and Suburban Hotel Keepers' Association, writes:—

Since the derationing of sugar, the consumption of skim milk powder in the Hotels has increased as now sugar is freely available. However the Milk Commissioner, instead of increasing the skim milk powder quotas which were fixed in February 1945, is giving only 50 per cent of the quota fixed for the Hotels with the result that many Hotel Keepers find it difficult to carry on their trade. On account of this short supply, Hotel Keepers have been compelled to make purchases of the skim milk powder from the local market at prohibitive rates.

We are informed by the Milk Commissioner that on account of delay in arrivals of ships carrying skim milk powder, he has been compelled to reduce the quota.

We have, therefore, to request the Honourable Minister for Civil Supplies and Law, to permit the Hotel Keepers to use whole milk in the preparation of tea and coffee. If Government is prepared to remove the restriction on the preparation and sale of milk tea the Hotel Keepers are prepared to make arrangements for the import of milk or cattle to the city to meet their requirements of milk, if the Government is prepared to give facilities to the Hotel Keepers in that behalf.

Who Should Enforce?

Sir,—According to the Bombay Rents, Hotel and Lodging House Rates Control Act, 1947, no landlord can without just or sufficient cause cut off or withold "any essential supply or service" enjoyed by the tenant Clause 24 (1). Lifts have been specifically included in this "essential supply and service."

The law is thus clear on the matter. But who is to enforce it? Have the tenants to resort to the extreme measure of law courts to make the landlord understand? There are many lifts which are out of repair for long spells of time.

It is an intolerable situation demanding prompt redress. Will the Municipal or P.W.D. authorities enlighten the tenants?—Yours, etc.

A TENANT.

Reward For Uranium Raised

SYDNEY: (Reuter): A maximum reward of £25,000 will be paid by the Commonwealth Government for the discovery of a deposit of uranium ore, the Minister for shipping and fuel (Senator Ashley) has announced.

Previously the Government had offered a reward of £2,000 for any discovery capable of producing 25 tons of uranium oxide.

INDIA'S TREMENDOUS SOCIAL PROBLEMS

Dr. Kumarappa Appeals For Co-Operation Of International Social Workers For Their Solution

(From A Correspondent)

ATLANTIC CITY, (U.S.A.) April 22.

A gigantic audience applauded when Dr. J. M. Kumarappa, the leader of the Indian delegation, told an evening session of the International Conference of Social Work that "the function of social workers is in the main the promotion of social welfare, but in our busy life, we seem to forget that social welfare itself depends mainly on world peace."

Dr. Kumarappa said that he regretted that the Orient had not been given greater consideration in the deliberations in the meeting of International social workers here, declaring that the solution of the greater problems of the Orient "should have the co-operation of social workers of the world."

"Modern science has annihilated distance and has made the globe shrink into a neighbourhood. The function of the social worker, in order to create proper environment for the development of wholesome personality, should be to make this world neighbourhood into a brotherhood where good-will among nations and peace on earth will prevail."

Pandit Nehru's Greetings

Dr. Kumarappa who discussed the most pressing social problems of India brought to the international gathering greetings from Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Premier of the Dominion. "Pandit Nehru" he said, "on the eve of my departure asked me to convey to the International Conference of Social Work and to the American National Conference of Social Work, his cordial greetings and his well wishes for success in their efforts to promote human welfare not only in the United States but also in other parts of the world."

In the rural sections of India, Dr. Kumarappa said, public health and medical services are "totally inadequate." He said India has only one physician for every 6,300 persons; one nurse for 43,000 persons; one health visitor (visiting nurse) to every 400,000 of the population, and one mid-wife per 60,000 persons.

"We have so many problems to tackle that it is not fair to except the country overnight to have a stable and well ordered government."

Discussing the whole country, India and Pakistan now separate Dominions, Dr. Kumarappa said, "all that you know about India and the present disturbances must be considered from the point of view of the country's historical background."

"The present division of the country," Dr. Kumarappa said, "And the many grave problems resulting from it are not really due to the unwillingness or inability of Moslems and Hindus to work for a new Government in a spirit of mutual co-operation.

"It is the result of the policy followed by an alien Government for about 150 years to separate and divide the people in its own selfish interests and maintain so-called peace and order.

"Now that the controls are released with the attainment of independence, without any preparation for a democratic way of life and national unity, we are now reaping the harvest of the seeds sown during the past many decades."

Speaking of the immensity of the country, he said, it has a population of North America, South America and Africa. He said, that seven out of eight persons in India as a whole are illiterate.

India, he said, also has before it the task of "Indianizing education."

Britain's Greatest Crime

He explained:

"I believe that the greatest crime Britain has committed in India is not merely the political and economic exploitation of the country but, even more, the cultural denationalization of the people. Every Indian has a right to his cultural heritage but the introduction of western education, while it has not been an unmixed evil, has brought about a divorce between the educated classes and the uneducated masses, thus making the process of cultural infiltration impossible."

In reference to the cultural problem with special reference to religion, Dr. Kumarappa pointed out that India has had a spirit of tolerance to religions. "But for this spirit of tolerance," he said, "India could never have become the mother of the living religions of the world, providing hospitality to the people who came to India seeking protection and shelter from religious persecution in their own countries."

"The spirit of tolerance," Dr. Kumarappa said, "has made it possible for Hindus and Moslems to live together all these years. Intolerance, he said is foreign to the genius of the country and the spirit of the people.

"In view of all the difficulties created by alien rule," he said, "our leaders, in trying to tackle some of these artificial but immediate problems, are finding it difficult to find the necessary financial resources, time and energy to put through constructive programme for the rebuilding of India to meet the needs of the modern world.

"Nevertheless, given time to tap the enormous human spiritual and natural resources of the country, I feel confident that India will soon regain her rightful place in the comity of nations."

The next day, Henry Wallace, the presidential candidate, speaking at Atlantic City, made a reference to Dr. Kumarappa's speech, saying "India needs peace and so does the world for the welfare of humanity."

On Tuesday, 20th, Dr. Kumarappa gave an after-dinner party to the delegates from various schools of social work and to the alumni of the Tata Institute of Social Sciences, Bombay, who are studying in the United States.

Dr. Jal Bulsara, another Indian delegate, presiding at a Roundtable discussion on Housing said that there is no country in the world today who can say that it has adequate and comfortable housing conditions. Referring to India's need Dr. Bulsara said that India's need for housing was accentuated during and after the last war. He reviewed the efforts of the Government of India towards this problem.

The Indian delegation left for New York on the 22nd April.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

TEL-AVIV, May 4: The Jewish Stern Gang today announced it was ending its "truce" with British forces in Palestine, and said: "Our direct war against the British enemy will be resumed".

—Reuter.

* * *

A speaker in the Commons warned in connection with Kashmir, that the Soviet "Imperialist dagger" was ever ready for use against a sick body. Having sounded that warning, the orator proceeded to urge upon the British Government to support the 'just claims" for independence or, yes, or membership of the British Commonwealth of Hyderabad, the geographical dagger you know in the heart of India.

It only remains for us to add that the speaker was Mr. Richard Butler the Tory leader whose honest British Imperialism we all admire.

* * *

In a tribute to 'C R.', India's next Governor-General-designate, an enthusiastic Madras paper says that his "versatility, intellectual alertness and insatiable curiosity remind one of the first Governor-General of India, Warren Hastings"

Good heavens

* * *

In the latter and lucier part of his Press Conference Mr Liaquat Ali Khan complained of violations of Pakistan territory by Indian army troops in Kashmir and solemnly threatened that 'Pakistan will fight for the integrity and sovereignty of its territory with all its resources".

This naturally cannot and must not apply to Kashmir fighting the tribesmen and Pakistan nationals.

"It is" added Mr. Liaquat Ali, apropos of the same complaint, "our earnest desire and it has always been our sincere effort not to come into conflict with India but if Pakistan is attacked then Pakistan will certainly attack".

But if Pakistan itself "attacks" through provision of passage, material, bases and moral encouragement to tribesmen and its own nationals, that is another matter

* * *

According to a Hyderabad report dated May 4, the striking feature of that day's Assembly session was that all members of the Ittehad-ul-Muslimeen Party attended in Razakar uniform, Mr. Kasim Razvi playing the leading role.

It is to be expected that the solemn pantommer terrifies Jawaharlal Nehru also as it must have overwhelmed Mir Laik Ali. Ridiculous, you say? Then you have no appreciation of the frog-in-the-well mentality.

* * *

Apropos of the Nizam's Government complaint of a raid from the Sholapur District, the Bombay Government says that there is no basis for that allegation.

No basis? Isn't the desperate struggle of stand-still Hyderabad for existence basis enough?

* * *

In order to strengthen further the military and economic might of the State, the Soviet Government, we learn, has issued a rehabilitation lottery loan of several thousand million roubles.

The lottery in the Soviet Union is not half as surprising as recent reports about Pakistan's honour to Khadi.

* * *

As from June 1, the Government of India will take over the administration of Cutch the strategically important maritime State in Kathiawar.

Splendid and all that. But what interests us is: would it relieve the misery of Bombay?

Our London Letter

A PEOPLE AND THEIR KING

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, April 27.

Yesterday an amazing phenomenon occurred. Trains poured into London and London poured into streets. It was the King's Silver Wedding day. A wedding day, silver or golden, is essentially a family festival. But the people of Britain turned it into a national festival. Hundreds of thousands of people, many of them carrying flags in their hands, cheered the sovereign and his family, as they drove from the Palace to St. Paul's Cathedral, amid colourful and ancient pageantry. The crowds began assembling at dawn even though the procession was not due to start before midday. Many had staked out their claims at various vantage points along the route the previous night and slept on the pavements

Springs Of Loyalty

What was the impulse that moved the crowd? Was it their love of monarchy? Was it the love of pomp and pageantry? Was it the appreciation of the happy home life the King enjoyed in the present days of uneasy marriages? No one impulse moved the crowd. There were many impulses, major and minor. But there can be no doubt that the people of Britain love their kings and queens even though they hang those of them who do not know how to behave. But a constitutional monarch has no fear of losing his head, for he sees what his people want him to see, he hears what his people want him to hear and do what his people want him to do. This explains the demonstration of affection staged by the democratic people for an institution which at first sight may appear to be undemocratic. Britain has shown that monarchy can survive in a democracy and that those kings who want to assure for themselves a place in their countries, must decide to be constitutional monarchs

To many it appeared that the Silver Wedding business was a bit overdone. Indeed, Fleet Street almost went crazy. But that is the way of the Street of Ink. "Everybody likes flattery". Disraeli once remarked to Matthew Arnold, "and when you come to Royalty you should lay it with a trowel". Most of the newspapers appeared to have followed this advice. But papers like the "Manchester Guardian" preferred to "use a teaspoon". In any case, monarchy has been given a place in the British constitution where it can cause no harm without placing the monarchy itself in danger. There is no danger of King George VI doing anything to cause embarrassment to his people who hold him in warm affection.

Working Class Areas

A feature of the Silver Wedding day programme was the royal drive through the working class areas of East and North London. Here there was none of the pomp of a morning ride, no sovereign's escort, no swords or splendid uniforms. The king and queen came in a car like two ordinary men and were given hearty welcome by men in greasy overalls or aprons, in shirt sleeves or with hair in curlers. Here the men and women came to see not pagentry but their sovereign. I am not able to say what the king felt at seeing the poorer section of his people.

But there is no doubt that a desire must have been created in him to bring some sunshine into the life of East End. But then a constitutional king can do little beyond impressing on his Ministry the desirability of brightening up things in poorer quarters. As regards men and women of East End they cheered, talked about the king and queen, and just forgot. In their busy lives they have little time for serious contemplation.

Liberal Party

A feature of the Liberal Party Conference at Blackpool was its surprisingly strong confidence in itself The Party has suffered electoral disasters and is weak in every respect. But its faith in Liberal principles has not been dimmed in the slightest degree. But no party can thrive on mere faith The Party must organise itself on dynamic lines if it is to recover its strength in a substantial measure. It must also cease to think and speak in terms of Third Programme. The resolutions passed at Blackpool were couched in words not easy for the average man to understand. They must speak in plain words that may be followed by the educated and uneducated. In the age of common man one must speak in common man's language. Unless the Liberal Party adjusts itself to modern times there can be little hope of its being able to influence the lives of the people in the near future.

Middle Classes

While the Trade Unions are still staunch in their loyalty to the Labour Government large number of middle classes, who voted for Labour at the last elections, are turning away from Labour. Often amongst the working classes there is growing dissatisfaction with the Labour Government. Of course in no case would they vote Tory. But this by itself can afford little consolation to the Labour Party The Party has got to do something to regain the confidence of the people. Many sincerely feel that the Government is drifting more and more to the Right and forgetting the pledges on which it won elections Undoubtedly the Labour Government has committed many sins of omission and commission Some are due to its own weakness, its desire not to give cause for annoyance to Conservatives But others are largely due to the international set-up. But on the whole Labour can claim to have done something for the people. It has established its title to run the affairs of the country for another term. But it has to convince the electorate that it has the guts to fulfil pledges both in spirit and letter

Season Of Fairs

The LCC the supreme authority that runs London's affairs, deserves congratulations on its happy idea of organising summer entertainments. The season begins on May 50 The programme includes fairs in different parts of the city There will also be a boxing tournament There will be lunch—time concerts and a sculpture exhibition. London despite its many attractions, is not rich in cultural entertainment.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Cloth Muddle

It is difficult to enthuse over the decision of the Government of India to deprive the millowners of any excess of profits they may have made over the fair prices that may be fixed by the Tariff Board as a result of the inquiry which it has just commenced. This is not because we are particularly touched by the prospect of the millowners losing a part of the money that they have already obtained. It is because this action of the Government represents a rather odd method of trying to make up for the mistakes of the past. With the removal of the last vestige of control over cloth, in the context of a crisis of under-production and long accumulated unsatisfied needs, the prices of cloth were bound to shoot up in the manner they have done. The removal of ceiling prices of cotton also helped in the process and the prospects of the cloth prices coming down immediately are not very appreciable because the millowners must have already bought their stocks of cotton in a rising market. Besides the consumer is not only paying the increased cost of production and the increased profit of the millowners but the profits of innumerable middle men through whom cloth passes before it reaches the consumer. The multiplication of middle men—which was further aggravated by the influx of refugee traders who in the name of humanity demanded and obtained a considerable relaxation of every restraint and regulation—was the worst feature of the removal of controls. Nor is the Government prepared to act at once and in a radical way. It is only proposing to mulct the millowners of any excess profits. But this is no consolation to the poor consumer who has already paid the price. The millowners are responding by opening a certain number of fair price shops. This cannot be anything more than a palliative as it is impossible that the handful of shops can replace the thousands of dealers who clutter every street in every town and village of India. The remedy lies elsewhere.

Territorial Redistribution

In the course of an interview at Balasore, Orissa, the other day, Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia is reported to have said that all the present Unions of Indian States could only be considered as stop-gap arrangements. It is not possible to accept his view that none of the Unions except Matsya satisfy the requirements of a province. Matsya is certainly not the biggest of the Unions. One cannot, however, help agreeing with the view of the Socialist leader that the States should be redistributed into sizeable units as provinces. The States Ministry found a complicated problem. As a result of a series of historical accidents, the States were literally strewn over the entire country. But the Ministry set out to tackle the problem on the right lines in so far as an immediate solution was concerned. The States which were isolated units, were gently persuaded and pushed towards merger; and those States which by their geographic contiguity could be formed into unions, were induced to form unions. This phase of development will soon have to yield place to a more permanent settlement involving a more scientific territorial redistribution of India into various units.

Straws In The Wind

The problem of territorial redistribution, however, is not a problem confined to the State areas alone. The desire for linguistic provinces has run as a sub-plot in the intense drama of India's fight for freedom Provincial patriotisms have merged into the main stream of the national struggle for emancipation. And with freedom won what were merely subsidiary issues are becoming the main issues for many people. The Andhras have steadily maintained an agitation for the constitution of a separate Andhra province. Sometimes they appeal, sometimes they demand; but they never let up. The demand for a separate Karnatak Province is gathering strength. The move for a separate Maharashtra is waiting round the corner, and it is apt to prove both thorny and tempestuous. Already there is a quarrel between Bihar and Orissa and sometime ago this led to an incident in which 50 persons belonging to an aboriginal tribe were killed In the context of the present daily atrocities the incident did not attract much attention, but its seriousness cannot be ignored. Bihar has also a dispute with the Central Provinces and only the other day the Governor of Bihar, Mr. M. S. Aney, appealed for reference of the dispute to the tribunal already appointed to deal with a similar question as between Bihar and Orissa. But not all people are likely to pursue such wise and sane methods Two Bihar Congressmen, who presumably were advocating other methods, have been arrested by the orders of the Premier of the Central Provinces, the Bihar Government violently protesting. These are but straws in the wind and emphasise the need for the tackling of the whole problem on a comprehensive scale. Little is to be gained by postponing them and the present method of patchwork solutions will neither be lasting nor peaceful.

Second Priority

The Constituent Assembly may give priority to the work of framing the constitution, but that of territorial redistribution can only come second. The Assembly should first settle the basic principle of such redistribution These relate to territorial contiguity and cultural homogeneity, the main factor of which is linguistic unity. Administrative needs based on geography, economics, possibilities of development and other special reasons such as defence etc., should be the governing factors which should be taken into consideration. Once the Constituent Assembly has laid down the principles, the implementation should be entrusted to a boundary commission assisted not only by jurists but by geographers and economists. Such a long range solution is an imperative necessity, if peaceful reintegration is to be brought about and if provincial jealousies and conflicts are not to mar the public life of India so soon after the achievement of freedom.

Towards Federation?

Mr. Bevin's review of Foreign Affairs brings into more prominent relief the fact of the division of Europe into two separate and hostile zones, which involves also the splitting of Germany. The process of the consolidation of that division promises, however, some interesting developments at which Mr. Bevin hinted in passing. The Western Union which is being created is to be established as a sort of federation in which the different units will pool some of their national sovereignty. This may well become a historic development and its progress deserves to be watched with keen interest.

Threat To Holy City

What immediately concerns Asia however, is Mr. Bevin's declaration that Britain was determined to lay down the Palestine mandate on the scheduled date, namely May 15. There are only ten days to go. And those who sowed the wind of Zionism can not see what kind of whirlwind they have raised and what havoc it is going to wreak on that stricken land For, there is no alternative to a bloody conflict there But if that is inevitable, what is not inevitable is the destruction of the Holy City, historic for and sacred to, Judaism, Christianity and Islam. That supreme calamity can and must be avoided.

What About Those Colonies?

Another point made by Mr. Bevin was about Trieste. He re-iterated the British view that Trieste should go to Italy. Nobody suspected any likelihood of change in the earlier attitude. And now that Italy has voted West it is all the more inevitable that Britain, France and America should urge their proposal with firm and enthusiastic insistence But the confirmation of the offer of Trieste as a reward to Italy raises another point of very interesting speculation. It relates to colonies. So far Communist Russia has, with noteworthy inconsistency, been advocating Italy's "claims" to her lost colonies, while Britain and America, though not France, have been opposed to these claims. Now that Italy has turned against the Soviet Union, what will the latter do in regard to the problem of those colonies? And what in the changed situation will Britain and America do?

MOVE TO BRING DOWN HIGH PRICES OF CLOTH

Millowners Association To Open Retail Shops

BOMBAY, May 5 (API): A system of retail cloth shops or retail selling agencies in important centres in the country at which arrangements would be made for the consumer to secure his reasonable requirements of cloth at fair prices is under the consideration of the Millowners Association, Bombay.

Announcing this in a press note issued this evening, the Association said that "it is beyond the power of the industry to directly serve the entire population of the country, majority of whom live in villages, through these shops; but direct retail shops in principal centres will help to bring down prices to reasonable levels throughout the country."

The press note said: "The representatives of the cotton textile industry who were present in Bombay on 4th May 1948 in connection with the Tariff Board enquiry, desire to express their grave concern at the prevailing high prices at which the consumer is today able to buy his reasonable requirements of cloth and yarn, and they feel they owe it to themselves and the Associations which they represent, that their position should be made quite clear to the public.

HIGH PRICE OF COTTON

On 19th January 1948, Government removed the price control over cloth and yarn, but from that date certain prices, voluntarily agreed to by the industry, were stamped on cotton goods. Since then, there has been a steep rise in prices in cotton, mill stores, etc. For instance, Egyptian cotton which was available at round about Rs. 1,500, wentup to about Rs. 2,400 in March, and almost touched Rs. 3,000 in April 1948. East African Cotton which was selling at Rs. 920 in January, rose to Rs. 1,300 in March and Rs. 2,250 in April. Cotton being the greatest single factor in the cost of cloth, a further upward adjustment in prices to compensate the rise in the cost of raw material subsequent to January 1948 was absolutely necessary. The justification for an increase in price on account of the recent steep increases in the price of cotton, etc. is also conceded in the Government press communique dated 25th April 1948.

"It is an accepted fact that the actual production of cloth in this country is even now below the pre-war level; demand exceeds supply very greatly, more especially in view of the increased purchasing power of the masses and the extreme difficulty of arranging an equitable distribution of such short supply among the 320 million people in this country can easily be realised. Moreover, the smuggling of cloth to foreign countries has recently been reported to have assumed alarming dimensions. The economic fact has attracted a large number of speculators who have raised the prices to absurd levels. The consumer's difficulties are further accentuated by the fact that transport service is disorganise, which creates a further lag between supply and demand. So far as the industry itself is concerned, it has no desire to charge unreasonable prices.

It has under consideration a system of retail shops or retail selling agencies in important centres, at which arrangments would shortly be made for the consumer to secure his reasonable requirements of cloth at fair prices. In Bombay and Ahmedabad, these shops will commence to function at a very early date, and the shops in other centres will follow later. The consuming public will, however, appreciate that it is beyond the power of the industry to directly serve the entire populaton of the country, the majority of whom live in villages, through these shops; but direct retail shops in principal centres will help to bring down prices to reasonable levels throughout the country.

APPEAL TO PUBLIC

"More than anything which the industry can do, the public themselves can, by self-festraint, bring back fair prices of cloth, and we strongly recommend the public: (1) to refrain from buying cloth unless it is absolutely necessary; and (2) to buy only the very bare necessities during the next few months. We have no doubt that the present abnormal prices cannot last long and we suggest that, if the public were to refuse to purchase at the present level of prices, prices must come down considerably.

Union Representatives' Evidence Before Tariff Board

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Textile labour union representatives suggested at the Tariff Board Enquiry into Cotton Textile Costings today that the mills should concentrate more on the production of coarse varieties of cloth to meet the demands of the consumers. Mr. S. R. Vasavada, representing the Indian National Trade Union Congress, said that the production of cloth over forty counts should be restricted by Government during the present emergency.

The spokesmen of the All-India Trade Union Congress Messrs. V. S. Mokashi and Manak Gandhi felt that the Tariff Board should have been empowered to devise measures for ensuring a ready supply of cloth to consumers at reasonable prices. They expressed disappointment that the terms of reference of the Board were confined only to the Price structure of cotton textiles.

Mr. J. J. Kapadia The Honorary Secretary of the Shareholders' Association of Bombay, was examined in the afternoon.

The inquiry will be continued on Thursday afternoon when representatives of Cloth and Yarn Dealers' Association, Piecegoods Merchants' Association and Retail Cloth Dealers' Association of Bombay and Ahmedabad will be examined.

ACHIEVEMENTS OF BOMBAY GOVERNMENT

(Continued From Page 1)

ture of Government. Moreover, the country had just passed through the most terrible and destructive war in human history—a war that was none of its seeking and yet as disturbing in its effects on the general economic life of the people as in countries which were directly involved. The rising spiral of the cost of living, the elaborate and complicated system of controls, the black marketing and profiteering that flourished in defiance of law, the food crisis and the threat of famine, the increasing congestion in the bigger cities, the general political unrest which always accompanies such periods of tension—all these added considerably to the worries and anxieties of the Government.

IN WAKE OF PARTITION

And then followed the communal disturbances in the wake of the partition of the country resulting in the influx of the refugees, the insecurity of life in several parts of this city, which became not only unsafe but inaccessible to members of one or the other community—handicaps which, said Mr. Kher, would have appeared almost insuperable even to a long established and firmly entrenched Government.

In the circumstances, continued Mr. Kher, "all our energies had to be devoted to the restoration of a psychological atmosphere which would make it possible for us to breathe freely and feel that the interests of every community would be carefully and vigorously protected by the Government. It was necessary to inspire confidence amongst all sections of the people that at the helm of affairs were men who actuated by a desire to do justice between man and man without fear or favour, with God alone as their judge, and that they would not be deflected from this path of justice either by threats or by blandishments".

SENSE OF SECURITY RESTORED

After freedom from fear was established and a sense of security was restored, the Government set about tackling the next basic problem—the problem of food. It took steps to avert the possibility of a famine by intensifying such measures as mobilizing all local resources obtaining imports from outside, controlling distribution of food and enforcing austerity in meals. These, however, were merely emergency measures which the Government took side by side with long-range measures to solve the problem of food in this deficit province.

To achieve this it was necessary to improve the physical and mental condition of the cultivator and, therefore, the Government enacted a number of tenancy measures including the Agricultural Debtors Relief Act, the Moneylenders Act and the Debt Adjustment Act.

HELP TO AGRICULTURISTS

Mr. Kher continued: "We aim at increaseing production. In order to achieve this object, Government have undertaken measures for increasing irrigation facilities which include assistance in the sinking, deepening and repairs of wells—for which about one crore and a half has been provided in the budget—the investigation and execution of new schemes of irrigation including lift irrigation from river beds—for which over 60 lakhs have been provided—and also initiating certain major irrigation projects on which we propose to spend about 6 1|2 crores during the next five years. In this way we are hoping that, within a few years, we shall be able to plan our production more confidently and not depend helplessly on the vagaries of the monsoon. We have also taken steps to encourage mechanical cultivation where deep ploughing is necessary and, in any case, recourse has to be taken to it because our cattle wealth has become depleted in recent years. The agriculturists have been given assistance in the purchase of iron and steel implements at controlled rates and you will be interested to hear that their sales within 9 months of the last year amounted to over Rs. 25 lakhs".

Speaking next of the industrial development, untouchability, medical services and education, Mr. Kher described the Government's achievements in the following words:—

Government have established special law courts to provide for quick and impartial settlement of all Labour disputes. These law courts are probably the first of their kind in India a Labour Advisory Board has been appointed to probe the deeper cause of industrial unrest and discontent and a special directorate of Labour Welfare is responsible for providing facilities for the leisure time activities, hobbies and amusement of the working class In order to liquidate adult illiteracy amongst workers, special literacy boards have been set up.

UNTOUCHABILITY

Government have been doing all that they could to remove the manifold disabilities of the Harijans, and Government's approach has been two-sided. Government passed the necessary legislation—the Harijans Social Disabilities Removal Bill— to ensure that Harijans have precisely the same rights in the enjoyment of public amenities as other citizens Special instructions have been issued to village officers to ensure that the law does not remain on paper but is actually enforced. Government have also adopted a number of measures to improve the economic condition of the Harijans, and other backward classes.

MEDICAL SERVICES

The correct approach to the problem of health is the preventive approach, but with it are linked up questions of housing, nutrition, provision of parks and playgrounds, recreation, education in health habits and practices. This problem can only be solved gradually.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Government have established a Board of Physical Education which is responsible for supervising and organising physical and health activities not only in schools but also outside. A department of parks and gardens has been created; the question of libraries and museums has been tackled; an aquarium with a marine biological station attached is under construction; the provision of facilities for sea-bathing, boating and swimming baths for the general public has been undertaken and will soon be visible

On the curative side Government have considerably increased the scope of medical facilities in the District Hospitals and in order to make better facilities available for the village, mobile health and hospital units, cottage hospitals, units for medical propaganda and anti-epidemic squads and malaria control agencies have been established.

EDUCATION

The Congress Government have been seriously exercised about the educational problem from the very first day they came into office for the first time many years ago. During the last two years Government tried to give top priority to educational schemes and a fair headway has been made. Government have been devoting increasing attention and funds to the organisation, expansion and improvement of education and this year's education budget amounts to the record figure of nearly 8 crores of rupees, and Government propose to spend about 15 crores of rupees on their post-war educational development plan during the next 5 years.

The function ended with Miss Sylla M. Spencer proposing a hearty vote of thanks to the speaker.

NEHRU AUTOGRAPHS "DISCOVERY OF INDIA"

Pandit Nehru, Prime Minister of India, autographs his "Discovery of India" and "Autobiography" for His Grace Bishop Vahan Kostamian of Armenia, Prelate of the Diocese of Iran and India, who called on the Prime Minister on Tuesday.

MAHARASHTRA SOCIALIST CONFERENCE

Muslims Must Be Won Back To Path Of Nationalism

Harris Commends Gandhiji's Ideal Of Service Of Toiling Masses And Condemns Communist And Communal Propaganda

SHOLAPUR, May 5. (A.P.I.): Presiding over the Maharashtra Socialist Conference here to-day, Mr. Muinuddin Harris, Editor of the Bombay Urdu Daily "Ajmal" said that the Socialists had left the Congress, but they had done so without any rancour in their hearts. In fact, he said, it was their loyalty to the Congress principles and the preservation of ideals they held dear that impelled Socialists to take this bold step.

Mr. Harris said that the Congress after the adoption of its new constitution ceased to be a national organisation that it had been so far. It was now one of the political parties in the country. Socialists had fought for years for the Congress ideals under the leadership of Mahatma Gandhi, But now they had to part company with that organisation. "Even when we are out of the Congress, we will be as resolutely wedded to the teachings of Gandhiji and the great ideal of service of the toiling masses of our country as we have ever been". he declared.

BAHUJAN SAMAJ PARTY.

Mr. Harris welcomed the decision of the Bahujan-Samaj Party of Maharashtra, led by Mr. K. M. Jedhe and Mr. S S. More, to secede from the Congress, characterising it as a step in the right direction.

Denouncing communalism in any shape or form, the speaker said: "our country has paid a terrible price for tolerating. Communalism. The price has been the most precious life of Gandhiji. It is true that due to his supreme sacrifice Communalism to-day seems to be on the downward path. But we should not be complacent and think that it has been finally liquidated". He regretted that forces of communalism had been encouraged not only by "its avowed exponents" but also by many Congressmen "masquerading under the cloak of Nationalism and claiming to be Gandhians, while they trample under their feet everything that Gandhiji held dear". He also accused the Communists of supporting the Muslim League in its demand for Pakistan. "It was the Communists party that by its dangerous multination theory helped the Muslim League in its propaganda of the equally dangerous two-nation theory".

Mr. Harris however expressed satisfaction at a "welcome change" in the mentality of Muslims during the past months. Indian Muslims, he added, were now in a mood to listen to the same elements in the country. This was an opportunity of which the fullest use must be made by progressive forces in the country. Muslims were to be won back once again to the path of Nationalism and sanity.

RAZVI'S OUTBURSTS.

Referring to Hyderabad State Mr. Harris condemned the "irresponsible outbursts" of Sayed Kasim Razvi and expressed satisfaction at the refusal of Indian Muslims to be "pawns in this game".

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, May 5. (Reuter): British Government securities benefitted from small investment buying in the stock-market today. Gains of 1/8 per cent were widespread, with the long dated issues in particular demand.

Once again, however, the overall volume of business remained small but the undertone of the markets was sufficiently cheerful to check any tendency for prices to fall away. Movements in the industrial sections were centered in irons and steels, whilst there was small activity in building and kindred issues and gains were of a few pence only.

In the opening stages, today's West African gold share market recorded renewed buying in Ashanti goldfield shares, price of which rose to 61 and 3 before profittaking brought about a reaction to 50 Shillings.

Among South Africans, interest was centered in Geoffries, dealings in which commenced today. At twelve Shillings the opening price was a little under market expectations.

Other kaffirs showed irregularity.

Higher levels for one or two of the leaders emerged from a quiet oil market.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON JULY

NEW YORK, May 5.

Previous Closing	36.65
Today's Opening	36.71
Difference	+6
Today' Closing	36.10
Difference	—55

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, May 5.

Cotton Jarila May	Rs. 671-0
Cotton Jarila July	Rs. 700-0
Silver Bullion Forward	Rs. 175-10
Silver Chamber	Rs. 176-0
Gold Forward	Rs. 117-12
Sovereign	Rs. 74-12

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, May 5.

New York stock exchange opening prices:

Anaconda copper mining 36-3/4.
General Motors 56-1/8.
United States steel common 74-7/8 (exdividend).
United States steel preference unquoted.

KUTCH HUNDI RATES

(From Our Correspondent)

BHUJ, May 5.

Hundi Buying	306
Hundi Selling	307
Gold	112
Silver	156

STATES TO HAND OVER MORE POWERS

Raj Pramukhs And Premiers To Meet In Delhi

NEW DELHI, May 5 (API) Discussions will be initiated at the States Ministry here tomorrow at a conference of the Rajpramukhs and Prime Ministers of the various newly created Unions of States with a view to widening the scope of the original Instrument of accession signed by these States.

The original instument, it will be recalled, provided for accession by these States only in respect of three subjects Defence, Foreign Affairs and Communications.

The present series of discussions, it is learnt, will be aimed at handing over to the Central Government powers in respect of Federal and concurrent subjects, by these Unions of States.

W. INDIES CRICKET TOUR IN INDIA

Arrangements Finatised: Committee Appointed

NEW DELHI, May 5. (A.P.I.): Arrangements regarding the West Indies Tour were finalised at an extraordinary general meeting of the Board of Control for Cricket in India held in Delhi yesterday. Mr. A. S. De Mello, President of the Board, as authorised by the Board to call for guarantees from various centres which had been allotted matches. They were based on the number of days scheduled for the match. There will be five tests (five days each) four zonals (four days each) five three day and two two day matches.

For the test the guarantee to be given by each of the centre where they will be played, namely, two in Bombay and one each in Delhi, Calcutta and Madras will be Rs. 25,000 for the four day zonal matches it shall be Rs. 10,000, three day matches Rs. 7,500, two day matches Rs. 5,000.

Pakistan—the formation of whose Cricket Board was announced and whose representative was present at the meeting, has been allotted three matches—at Lahore, Peshawar and Karachi respectively for a total sum of Rs. 30,000 payable in advance. As Ceylon has also asked for a visit the Board decided to make a 14 days tour programme for the visitors to Ceylon provided Ceylon gave the board a sum of Rs. 12,500.

All the Associations in India will pay 25 per cent of their guarantee money before October 1 and the rest 75 per cent, eight days before the commencement of the tour.

The tour itinerary, however, could not be finalised as some replies and details are still awaited. A Special Tour Committee was therefore appointed with authority to decide all matters, pertaining to the tour. It consists of the President, Mr. A. S. De Mello, Messrs. Mookerjee, Zal Irani, Pankaj Gupta, D. P. Thanawala, Contractor and Homi, J. H. Taleyarkhan. This committee will meet in Calcutta on May 31.

Death Due To Food Poisoning

BOMBAY, Wednesday

Hirabai, a 5-year-old girl, who was removed to hospital with eight others yesterday, due to food poisoning, died today in the Jer Bai Hospital.

It appears that Tukaram Babaji Karle, a resident of Parekh Terrace, at Bhoiwada, purchased a water mellon from hawkar yesterday and took it to his house. He gave half of it to a friend a bidi shop keeper. He along with other members of his family including Hirabai, a five-year old girl, ate the other half. The Bidi shop kkeper distributed the water mellon to his five employees. Soon after eating it all the nine persons started vomiting one after another and were removed to hospital where Hirabai died today.

WASHINGTON, May 5 (Reuter): The manuscript of Lewish Carroll's "Alice in Wonderland" will be taken to the British museum by Lord Iverchapel retiring British Ambassador when he leaves here on May 22 as a gift from America to the British people.

C. R. Will Promote Harmony Between Two Dominions

'Times' On Appointment As Governor-General

LONDON, May 5 (Reuter): Neither of the two dominions of India and Pakistan "can dispense with the active co-operation of the other", the "Times" stated in an editorial to-day on the appointment of Mr. Chakravarti Rajagopalachari as Governor-General of India.

The appointment the "Times" said "may encourage the growth of friendliest sentiments" in the relations between India and Pakistan which continued to cause anxiety, though the outlook was "a little better than might appear."

"If the dispute over Kashmir can be settled peacefully, and if the Government of India allows for Muslim susceptibilities by sympathetic examination of the internal difficulties of Hyderabad, the relations between India and Pakistan should improve.

"But patience and tolerance are essential, And here the influence of the new Governor-General may be of utmost importance.

"The respect he enjoys in Pakistan as well as in India augurs well for the efforts he will undoubtedly make to carry on the work of his old friend, Mahatma Gandhi, in promoting harmony between the two dominions".

NEW YORK, May 5 (Reuter)—The New York Herald Tribune, in a leading article on India's new Governor-General today, said of Lord Mountbatten and Mr. Rajagopalachari "each is a man of talent and integrity". "Each has an unusual capacity to understand the viewpoint of other men in very difficult circumstances. Both men have been astute enough to accept facts they do not like and work out solutions on a basis of realities rather than their own desires.

"There are far too few statesmen of their calibre in the world, and Indians and British have been fortunate in having two men of such capacity available during times of crisis."

HYDERABAD WELCOMES RAJAJI'S APPOINTMENT

HYDERABAD, (Dn) May 5 (API): The Prime Minister of Hyderabad, Mir Laik Ali, welcomed the appointment of Mr. C. Rajagopalachari as Governor-General of India, said "no better selection could have been made".

Congress President Inaugurates U.P.I. Teleprinter Service

NEW DELHI, May 5 (UPI): The teleprinter service of the United Press of India was inaugurated by Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Congress President, this evening in the presence of a large and distinguished gathering.

Immediately on his arrival Dr. Rajendra Prasad went to the instrument room and switched on the transmitter to Calcutta and Bombay. A short message of felicitations from him was transmitted in his presence and a prompt response from Calcutta and Bombay was received. Dr. Rajendra Prasad expressed great appreciation of the new set-up for news transmission of the U.P.I. and wished it God-speed.

Prior to the inauguration, Dr. Rajendra Prasad garlanded a full-size portrait of Mahatma Gandhi in the Central Hall of the U.P.I. office.

Mr. B. Sen Gupta, Managing Director of the United Press of India, welcomed the Congress President and other guests in a short speech in the course of which he stressed the growth and development of the United Press of India as the premier national news agency of India.

Mr. Sen Gupta said: The fifth of May, 1948, will be a memorable day in the history of India's National News Agency. It is on this day U.P.I. begins its Teleprinter service, and takes a step forward on the road to progress and efficiency.

The U.P.I. began operations on the 1st of September, 1933 to till a gap namely to voice the hopes and aspirations of a nation struggling for freedom and of millions of toiling masses clamouring for economic salvation.

Starting with about a dozen newspapers and only two offices at Calcutta and Lahore, it has now more than 100 subscribers and 20 offices including London, New York, Colombo and Rangoon and about 300 Press Correspondents spread all over the country. As the U.P.I. had no teleprinter circuits for quicker transmission of its news, it had to operate as a supplementary news agency, concentrating on exclusive coverage but presenting a balanced and factual representation of all news.

Our National Government has now sanctioned teleprinter circuits for the U.P.I. Teleprinter is bound to revolutionise the work of the agency.

We are now connecting our provincial offices on Teleprinter circuits and hope to make teleprinters available to all newspapers shortly. U.P.I. has plans to introduce Hindi Teleprinters and feature and photo services in the near future.

A large number of messages appreciating and wishing the U.P.I.'s contribution to the nation's struggle for independence and wishing its new vetture success were received for the occasion from distinguished personalities including Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India, Ministers of the Indian Union, Governors of Bombay, Bihar and Orissa, Premiers of Bombay, U.P., Madras, C.P., Bihar, West Bengal, Orissa and various Ambassadors in Europe and India.

Unpublished Marxian Manuscripts On India

LONDON, May 5 (UPA): Syed Sibtay Hassam, former members of the editorial staff of Pandit Nehru's "National Herald", completed his two years research tour in Eastern Europe and the United States and accumulated a collection of the hitherto unpublished Marxian manuscripts dealing with India, which he plans to publish on his return to India shortly

Hassam said that Karl Marx as London Correspondent of the "New York Tribune" wrote 48 articles between 1853 and 1860. Of these 28 dealt directly with India, 15 with India and China, two with India and Burma and three with India and Persia.

Hassam also collected the interchange of correspondence between Marx and Frederick Engels, dealing with India from April 20, 1852 to 1869. He collected a total of 40 letters, 21 whereof were by Marx and 19 by Engels.

INDIAN MUTINY

Hassam said that the articles generally dealt with India's rural self-sufficient economy and described the Sepoy Mutiny as an 'abortive people's revolt". The articles dealt with the "impact of British rule in India" and Western industrialisation

Hassam said that the collection would provide a sensational discloser of Marx's knowledge of India" remarkable because he credited British influence with a closer integration of India's rural economy which however, was a forerunner of capitalist domination against which the Indian masses must inevitably revolt.

Buddhist Monks Ask For "Gift Of U. Saw's Life"

RANGOON, May 5 (Reuter) Buddhist monks in Rangoon decided today to ask the Burmese President, Sao Shwe Thaike, for the gift of U. Saw's life".

During British rule, requests by monks for lives of condemned men were sometimes given consideration by British Governors.

U. Saw's wife today gave food gifts to fifty Buddhist clergy at Shwedagon Pagoda.

News In Brief

LONDON, May 5 (Reuter): The British cruiser 'Aurora' and the destroyer "Mendip" will be handed over to the Chinese Navy at Portsmouth on May 19 the Admiralty announced today.

BATAVIA, May 5 (Reuter). The Dutch have reported more than 50 alleged infringement of the 'Renville' truce terms with the Indonesian Republicans to the United Nations 'Good Office Committee"

NANKING May 5 (Reuter): China's currency depreciated again today when the latest run on the markets pushed the black market rate for the American dollar to 1,000,000 Chinese dollars.

RANGOON May 5 (Reuter): The Burmese Cabinet today sanctioned a scheme for nationalisation of air transport and appointed a Board, pending formation of a Commercial company The Union of Burma Airways are expected to begin not only internal services but flights to Calcutta, Singapore, Bangkok and Penang

STOP PRESS

BELGIAN CABINET

BELGIUM, May 6 (Reuter): The Prince Regent accepted the Cabinet's resignation and immediately asked them to stay on as caretakers

INDIA'S ENVOY AT BANGKOK

NEW DELHI, May 5 (API) Mr. Bhagwat Dayal, at present Charge d'Affaires for India at Bangkok, has been appointed Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at that post, says a Press note.

HANOI TRAIN BLOWN UP

PARIS May 5 (Reuter): The Hanoi to Haiphong train was blown up by a mine to-day the French Press Agency reported here to-night. One passenger was injured Three wagons were damaged

CHINESE CAN'T HOLD OUT AGAINST REDS'

WASHINGTON May 5 (UPA):—General Jonathon Wainwright told the press today that he does not believe the Chinese Nationalist armies could "hold out" against the Communists. The Red troops are well-equipped, well-trained and tough he said.

MOVEMENTS OF ARAB ARMIES

BAGHDAD, May 5 (Reuter): Foreign correspondents and Iraqi journalists were today warned that heavy punishment would be imposed on anyone defying the strict censorship on the movements of Arab Armies. The editors of two morning papers are to appear in court for alleged breach of the regulations.

COLOUR BAR IN AMERICA

Senator Glen Taylor Found Guilty Of Using Negro Entrance

BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA, May 5 (Reuter): Senator Glen Taylor, Mr. Henry Wallace's Third Party running mate for the Vice-Presidency, was last night sentenced to 180 days in the city gaol here on disorderly conduct charges resulting from his trying to use a door set aside for negroes to enter a campaigning meeting on Saturday.

The gaol sentence was suspended and Senator Taylor was put on probation for six months. His counsel said immediately afterwards he would appeal against the decision.

Fining him 50 dollars as well, police court judge Oliver Hall reprimanded Senator Taylor.

Emigration Of German Scientists To India

BERLIN, May 4 (Reuter): German scientists and engineers of the B-zone who want to emigrate to India can apply to the newly created Frankfurt Liaison Office of the Indian Military Mission in Berlin, but only certain kinds of specialists wanted by India will receive the permit to enter the country, Dena, the German News Agency, said tonight.

KILLED 11 PEOPLE WHILE OF UNSOUND MIND

SINGAPORE, May 4. (Reuter): Utoh, a Banjarese from an island off Sumatra, charged with murdering 11 people when he ran amok in a railway dining car with a penknife last October, was today found not guilty in Selangor Assize Court, Malaya, but committed to a mental hospital at the pleasure of the Ruler-in-Chief.

A medical officer told the court that running amok was a Banjarese or Malay mental disorder and Utoh unable to resist a violent impulse, did not know what he was doing.

R. T. C. Suggested On Zamindari Bill

PATNA, May 5. (API): The Revenue Minister of Bihar today moved in the Bihar Legislative Council for the consideration of the Bihar state acquisition of zamindaris bill 1947 as passed by the Bihar Legislative Assembly.

Mr. M. P. L. Singh (landholders) speaking on the bill suggested that the Government should hold a round table conference of representatives of zamindaris, kisans, socialists and Communists to consider the question of the abolition of the zamindary system in all its aspects.

Mr. Satish Chandra Sinha (Independent) opposing the bill stated that he saw economic ruin for the province if the bill were accepted in its present form.

AMERICAN MOVES IN JAPAN INTRIGUES RUSSIA

Soviet Demand For Explanation For Decision To Rebuild Nippon Economy

WASHINGTON, May 4 (UPA).—The Soviet Union has demanded that the United States explain the reasons for its recent decision to hasten the rebuilding of Japanese economy, informed sources said today.

DEMAND FOR FRANKNESS

These sources said the Russian delegate on the Far Eastern Commission, the 11-Nation Allied Policy Making Body for Japan, in a statement before that group recently said the United States should be more frank with its former partners-in-arms and explain just what it contemplated doing in Japan and the reasons for such actions. The Soviet representative, Alexander Panyushkin, referred to recent statements by American officials that the Administration intended asking Congress for substantial rehabilitation funds for Japan and also to reports of large United States raw material loans for that country.

COMMUNISTS IN JAPAN

PHILADELPHIA, May 4 (UPA).—Dr. Iwao Ayusawa, the first Japanese Government official to visit the United States since the end of the war, said today that communist influence in Japan, while not growing, "is becoming more pronounced."

He said: "Japan is going through a very difficult period of readjustment and unless democracy is made to work well it is just the sort of atmosphere for the spread of communism."

Ayusawa, Executive Director of the Japanese Central Labour Relations Board, told a press conference that "communist influence has been found often behind labour disputes." He said the communists were "not large in numbers but influential."

The Japanese government official, who is in the United States to study labour mediation and conciliation procedures, expressed the fear that the democratization of Japan was "moving too fast and unless we are careful, the people one day will term the experiment "unsuccessful" He said: "There is one important phase of working democracy which we still must learn and that is fraternity—brotherhood. In Japan we are bungling this phase. In shifting from feudalism to democracy we seem to have lost the family feeling of brotherhood which is as important as equality."

Ayusawa said General MacArthur has the "trust and respect of the Japanese people."

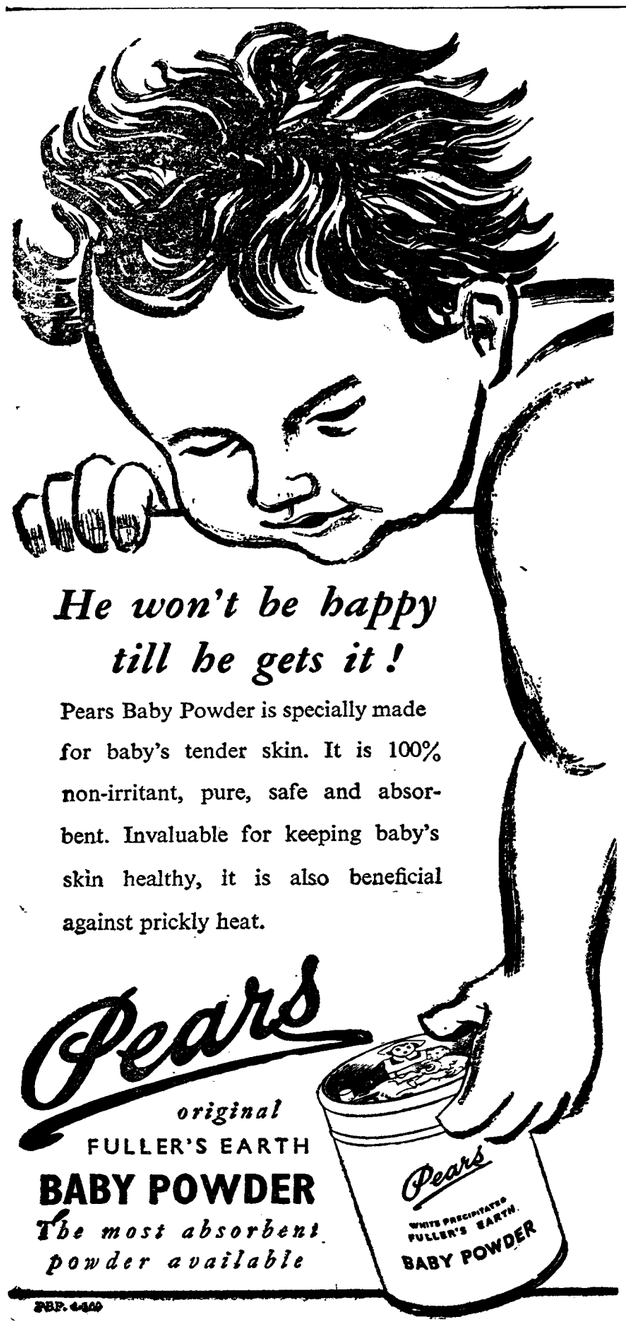
Speaking of labour relations, Ayusawa said the communists were behind the threatened strike of Japan's 2,510,000 Government workers last February which was headed off on MacArthur's orders. However, he said, "another big wave of unrest has been swelling up." He said labour conditions were improving, but that the average Japanese worker was still not earning a living wage in the present inflationary times.

U. P. LAND ACQUISITION BILL PASSED

LUCKNOW, May 5 (A.P.I.): The U. P. Land Acquisition (Rehabilitation of Refugees) Bill 1948, which will go a long way in mitigating the hardships of the five lakh refugees in this province from Pakistan, was passed by the U. P. Legislative Assembly today.

The Premier, Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant during the clause-wise discussion of the bill conceded the demand of the Opposition that in addition to the market value of the land a sum of 15 per cent of such value shall also be paid in consideration of the compulsory nature or acquisition.

NEW DELHI, May 5 (A.P.I.): The Central Committee of the Railway Refugee Relief Fund has authorised local Relief Committees set up on all Indian Railways to grant an immediate grant of Rs. 100 each to all refugee railway employees.



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Pears
original
FULLER'S EARTH
BABY POWDER
The most absorbent powder available

REP. 4449

SKIRMISHES WITH COMMUNISTS

"Heavy Casualties" In Fighting In Burmese Districts

RANGOON, May 5 (Reuter): Government sources today reported "heavy communist casualties" in the latest series of skirmishes in upcountry districts.

They said the Government forces were carrying out mopping up operations in the Pague District north of Rangoon, but severe fighting was going on in the Yamething District, a communist stronghold in Central Burma.

MEDICAL RELIEF IN RURAL AREAS

Steady Expansion Of Scheme Of Subsidised Doctors

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Under the Rural Medical Relief scheme, approved of by the Government of Bombay, for the appointment of allopathic doctors as well as Ayurvedic and Unani practitioners, 333 subsidised medical centres have been established, says the Director of Rural Development. Sixteen allopathic subsidised medical practitioners' centres have been recently sanctioned in the taluka of Athani, Satara, Bulsar, Sangola, Khed and Kanakavalli as a Post-War Reconstruction measure. In addition, Government sanctioned 25 posts of allopathic practitioners for the combined units of medical and public health work. The scheme is to be extended to the backward class areas where it is proposed to open 52 allopathic, 71 Ayurvedic and 2 Unani centres. The expenditure on this account is proposed to be met by Government and District Local Boards in the proportion of 4/5th and 1/5th.

In the Panch Mahals, 8 subsidised medical practitioners, and in Thana district 17 subsidised medical centres are working. There were 19 subsidised medical practitioners functioning Ratnagiri district, and they were responsible for treating over 3,000 patients. The subsidised dispensaries in Bijapur district also continued to work satisfactorily.

SEVERE PUNISHMENT IF FOUND DRUNK

Director of Publicity, Government of Bombay, Bombay, writes:

Severe action will be taken against any Excise Officer found drunk.

The Commissioner of Excise has, in a circular, drawn the attention of all Excise Officers to the circular issued in January 1947, in which the absolute necessity of abstaining from drink has been impressed on all Excise Officers posted in the Prohibition and Dry Areas (now designated as Special Areas). It has also been made clear in the same circular that severe disciplinary action will be taken against any Excise Officer who is found to be under the influence of drink.

The Government has now fixed the target period for total prohibition at April 1, 1950. In accordance with its prohibition policy, the Government has appointed the District Prohibition Committees. A suggestion has been made that the Excise staff with whose aid the prohibition policy is to be implemented should first of all set an example to the public by abstaining themselves from drink. The Commissioner fully agrees with this view, adds the circular.

The circular also impresses on all the Excise Officers in the whole of the Province the imperative necessity of abstaining from drink. Any case of indulging in alcoholic drinks would be dealt with drastically and might even result in dismissal.

The Commissioner also enjoins on the Superintendents of Excise to issue similar instructions in regional languages of the districts to the members of the Constabulary Staff.

"CONGRESS OF EUROPE"

Hague Plan To Set Up "Emergency Council"

LONDON, May 4 (Reuter)—Seven hundred delegates from 16 Western European countries will be asked to approve a plan for an immediate "Emergency Council of Europe" when they meet in the Congress of Europe at the Hague on Friday.

Longterm policy proposals are for a common European citizenship, a European defence force and a unified economic system, leading ultimately to complete federation.

A political report, "broadly agreed upon by the British and French delegations to the Congress" suggests that the proposed Emergency Council should be based on foundations already laid down in the Western Union pact. "All other free countries" should be invited to join the Council, the report suggests.

It also calls for a deliberative assembly composed of representatives from various parliaments and for a European declaration of rights with an independent court to enforce them.

The report asserts that the combined resources of the 16 nations who "comprise some 250,000,000 of the most civilised and intelligent people in the world", supplemented by those of overseas territories associated with them, have a productive potential as great as that of the United States.

"European Union must also include in its orbit the extensions and dependencies and associated territories of the European powers and must preserve existing constitutional ties which unite them" it adds.

An economic report which delegates will also consider calls for a permanent economic council of Europe composed of responsible ministers appointed by the component states.

EDITOR'S RELEASE DEMANDED

KARACHI, May 5 (IPA).—The 'ad hoc' Committee of the Sind Union of Journalists has strongly condemned the arrest of Maulvi Abdul Ghaffar Sitai, Editor of League daily "Alwahid", writes Indian Press Association correspondent.

The Union has characterised the arbitrary manner of the arrest as being inconsistent with the liberty of the Press and the resort for this purpose to the Public Safety Act as unjustifiable. The Union also demands that offences relating to the Press and journalists should in future be dealt under ordinary law instead of Public Safety Act.

In conclusion the Union urges the release forthwith of the Editor of "Alwahid."

SAHAJANANDA CRITICISES GOVT.

Wants Strong United Front Of Left Elements

CALCUTTA, May 5 (A.P.I.): Swami Sahajananda, the well-known kisan leader, told pressmen in Calcutta today that unless the kisans and mazdoors were well organised and presented a united front against their exploiters, their future was doomed.

The dominant national leadership, Swami Sahajananda added, maintaineed that kisan-mazdoor raj or social democracy was bound to be achieved through constitutional methods by them. But those like the speaker, who have been fighting for the peasantry all these years, believed that economic and social democracy could not be achieved thus. The dominant leaders in the country would not be able to establish that democracy. Only the kisans themselves could do it and it would be they who would ultimately win the fight.

Criticising the present policy of the Government of India, Swami Sahajananda said that those who were in power today seemed to be in no mood to tolerate any opposition whatsoever. Civil liberties were almost non-existent and restrictions on meetings and processions were prevalent everywhere. They were, therefore, trying to organise the kisans and establish a united front.

Swami Sahajananda, who is here in connection with the establishment of the Bengal branch of the All India United Kisan Sabha, recently formed in Patna, said that he proposed to organise such branches all over India.

MADRAS TO ACCORD CIVIC ADDRESS TO NEHRU

MADRAS, May 5 (API): The Council of the Madras Corporation has decided to present a civic address to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru Prime Minister of India, during his ensuing visit to the city.

BANGKOK, May 4. (Reuter): Siam exported the record total of 80,631 tons of rice last month.

This was the highest since the war. More than 33,000 tons went to Malaya.

Siam has exported 272,000 tons of rice this year.

U. S. EXPORTS TO RUSSIA

WASHINGTON May 4. (Reuter): United States exports to Russia in the first two months of 1948 were less than half the monthly average of 1947, the Commerce Department reported today.

Imports from Russia, mostly furs, chrome and manganese ore, were down almost as much.

The dwindling of trade followed the changed United States policy towards Russia.

NEW DELHI, May 4. (A.P.I.): The forthcoming visit of Her Excellency the Countess Mountbatten of Burma to Jammu and Kashmir, to visit Hospitals and refugee and Red Cross centres, will now take place between May 27 and 29, says a Press Note.

WILL NIZAM GO TO TURKEY?

BOMBAY, May 5 (I.P.A.): Indian Press Association Political correspondent learns from sources close to the Nizam and Turkish circles in the City that preparations have been made for the Nizam to fly to Turkey in case war breaks out between India and Hyderabad.

The Ittehad-ul-Mussalmeen is daily strengthening its grip over Hyderabad administration and the Nizam has become a mere figurehead.

In spite of the Nizam's denial, it is reliably understood that a considerable part of the Nizam's gold, precious stones, and other valuables have been removed from Hyderabad through planes.

In connection with the expected Nizam's flight to Turkey it is significant to remember that the wife of the Prince of Berar is the daughter of the late Kaliph of Turkey. The Princess is at present on a self-imposed exile in Europe as the Ittenad extremists made her stay in Hyderabad impossible because of her pleading with the Nizam to accede to the Indian Union. The Prince of Berar too is completely made innocuous by the Ittehad because of his willingness to join the Indian Unn.

The "Exalted" father and the son hardly see each other at present, the Ittehad having gained complete control of the Nizam's movements. However Razvi is reported to be willing that the Nizam should leave Hyderabad for "safety" in Turkey as this would leave him as complete master of Hyderabad destinies.

Dramatic developments are expected within a short time.

Explosion In Secunderabad Municipal Office

HYDERABAD (Dn) May 5 (API): A loud explosion occurred in Secunderabad municipal office yesterday noon, sending startled municipal employees scurrying into the street and soon collecting a big crowd on the scene.

There were no serious casualties, but a drainage supervisor and a municipal contractor are said to have received minor splinter injuries. Damage the municipal building was slight.

Hyderabad Premier Denies Atrocity Stories

HYDERABAD (Dn.), May 4. (A.P.I.): Mir Laik Ali, Prime Minister of Hyderabad, inaugurating a peace campaign here today, referred to the "not so satisfactory relations between Hyderabad and the Indian Union", and said that while he had the highest regard for great leaders of the Indian Union like Pandit Nehru and Sardar Patel, it pained him to see that wrong facts were being presented to them.

"It is unfortunate", he said that the Prime Minister of India should be furnished with such incorrect information along with other incorrect information like the strength of the Hyderabad army as per standstill agreement being seven thousand, about the confiscation of arms or about the ban on transit of goods to Hyderabad being confined to only a few items.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT REFUTES

BOMBAY, May 4 (A.P.I.): The attention of the Government of Bombay has been drawn to a report that the Nizam's Government has issued an official communique alleging violation of Hyderabad territory by raiders from Sholapur District in Bombay Province about April 35, says a Press Note issued by the Director of Publicity, Government of Bombay, tonight.

The Press Note adds: "The Government of Bombay wishes to state that there is no basis for this allegation".

NIZAM'S VILLAGE DECLARES INDEPENDENCE

SHOLAPUR, May 4, (I.P.A.): News have arrived here that the village of Jintushar on Hyderabad border has declared its independence and set up its own Panchayat to administer the village affairs. The Panchayat declared its loyalty to the Indian Government and has hoisted the Union Flag on its offices, writes Indian Press Association's Correspondent.

Razakars Reduce A Village To Ashes

BARSI May 4. (IPA): The Razakars raided the village of Moule-Gambirwadi on May 1, and after loot arson and abduction of women set fire to the village reducing it to ashes, writes Indian Press Association correspondent.

The Police who reached on the spot fired at the Razakars killing 10 and 20 were wounded. The damage caused by the Razakars raid is said to be a few lakhs of rupees.

The village of Yermala is surrounded on all the sides by armed Razakars and everyone entering it is looted of their money and other possessions. Persons unwilling to part with their money are beaten until they part with all they have.

Constructive Work Is Need Of Hour

Kaka Kalelkar's Advice To Saurashtrians

RAJKOT, May 4 (API): Presiding over the Kathiawar Constructive Workers' Conference last evening, Kaka Saheb Kalelkar, well-known constructive worker and lifelong associate of Mahatma Gandhi, stressed the need for constructive work without which, he said, freedom was only an illusion.

Referring to the growing powers of village panchayats under the scheme of decentralisation, Mr. Kalelkar said that the people should be properly educated to exercise their power. "That the State should cease to exist is the ultimate aim of Gandhism." Mr. Kalelkar said. "But we cannot forget that it is only an ideal. Before reaching that ideal we must perfect ourselves."

Regarding the establishment of the Sarvodaya Samaj, he said, it had not been formed for the achievement of good for India alone, but for the purpose of giving the right lead to the whole world. Everyone who believed in truth, non-violence and purity had a place in it.

Dwelling on the need for an agency to co-ordinate the various constructive work organisations, Mr. Kalelkar said these organisations should not quarrel amidst themselves, but should co-operate in a common effort.

Mr. U. N Dhebar, Prime Minister, addressing the Conference observed that the primary need of the day was the creation of an administrative machinery which would help the people.

Replying to a question the Prime Minister said that the Constituent Assembly for Saurashtra would meet some time in September this year.

MISHANDLING POLITICS IN BARODA

States Mabasabha President Criticises Praja Mandal Demands

SURAT, May 5 (API): Pandit Anandpriyaji President of the All-India States Hindu Mahasabha, in a statement, deprecates "the action of the Baroda Praja Mandal in making fresh demands whenever the Maharaja agrees to any of their demands" and says: "It is a pity that the Baroda leaders are not heeding the advice of Sardar Patel and are creating ugly situation by mishandling politics. The Praja Mandal which started with the demand of responsible Government now sincerely does not mean to stop there and it contemplates to liquidate Baroda and merge the state with the contemplated Maha Gujerat. Today the Maharaja is threatened with direct action and dethronement because he is not prepared to undemocratically accept a Dewan who is not a member of the Dharasabha."

Pandit Anandpriyaji adds the Praja Mandal will not only [illegible] by state subjects in their wild talks of making Baroda another Junagadh when Hyderabad and Kashmir issues are hanging in the balance.

BARODA MUSLIMS TO MEET ON MAY 9

BARODA, May 5 (API): The Working Committee of the Baroda State Muslim Conference has been called to meet in Baroda on May 9 to consider questions relating to constitutional reforms for the state announced by the Maharaja recently announces Mr R. A Kadri, the General Secretary of the Conference.

The General Council meeting will also be held the same day.

"Rajasthan Day" In Tonk State

TONK, May 5 (API): "Rajasthan Day" was observed in Tonk State on May 1 to celebrate the formation of Rajasthan Union. Rai Bahadur Ram Babu Saksena, Prime Minister and Adviser, Tonk State who hoited the Indian Union Flag speaking on the occasion exhorted the audience to take a pledge to serve India and increase its economic well being.

The day was a public holiday throughout the State. Free meals were served to orphans, patients in hospitals and prisoners in jails. National Flag was hoisted on state and private buildings which were illuminated at night.

'KOLHAPUR AS GOOD AS MERGED'

Mr. Kumbhar's View

MIRAJ, May 5 (U.P.I.)

"Kolhapur is as good as merged. Its merger is an established fact. It may take a few months for its formal ceremony", stated Mr. Ratnappa Kumbhar, when asked by the United Press representative, whether there was a possibility of Kolhapur merging with the Indian Union in the near future.

In this connection Mr. A B. Lathe, Constitutional Adviser to the Maharaja of Kolhapur said: "All talks about the merger of Kolhapur in the immediate future or at any time are without any foundation. I do not think that the Government of India have any intention in this connection."

Continuing he added: "The Government of India have already declared their policy that they do not desire merger of the viable states, of which Kolhapur is one, unless the people and Ruler desire such a merger. In the circumstances that exist today, I do not think it could be said that either of the two has expressed desire for merger."

"The inference, therefore, is", Mr. Lathe claimed, "that the rumours which are being sedulously spread by some people are merely the result of their wishful thinking and not related to facts."

MADHYABHARAT UNIVERSITY

(From A Correspondent)

INDORE, May 5. The Madhyabharat University Bill prepared by the Madhyabharat University Committee on the basis of an earlier university bill passed by the Indore Legislative Council in 1944 is before the popular Cabinet of Indore for consideration. With the adoption of this Bill a university for Madhyabharat will soon be established. Viewed in the context of the newly-formed Madhyabharat Union, the proposed Madhyabharat University will meet the linguistic cultural and educational needs of the region very well.

When the Agra University was established it was also proposed to establish a university for Madhyabharat. The recently appointed Central India University Committe in its report to the Indore Government has also recommended the early establishment of university for Madhyabharat.

Hindi Bill in Indore Council

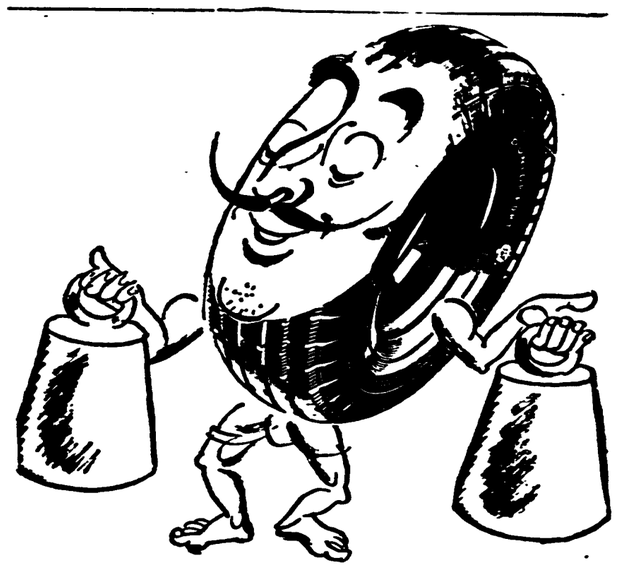
INDORE, May 5: The Legislative Council met this morning under the chairmanship of Shri N. H. Dravid.

The House dealt with the Hindi Language Bill which was subsequently passed by majority with a few amendments. The Act enjoins the use of Hindi in every department of the State.

After a good deal of discussion, the House passed by majority a couple of resolutions, namely, one relating to the removal of sur charge from commodities of public use—such as kerosene oil, fuel, electricity and the other regarding payment of compensation to the Indore State patriots or their families for their selfsacrificing services in the fight for freedom or in the achievement of responsible government in the state.

SIMLA May 4. (A. P. I.): The question of claims in respect of cloth and yarn despatched by those dealers to West Punjab before partition or left in their godowns or premises at the time of evacuation, it is learned, will be taken up by the Government of India when the Indian Dominion property negotiations with the Pakistan Government which are now in progress reach conclusions.

The East Punjab Government has asked all dealers that claims with full details together with attested copies of documents should be submitted in duplicate in future.



DUNLOP
makes light of heavy loads.
TRADE MARK
DCE 9

NEWS FROM CITY MARKETS

SHARE BAZAR

Bombay, May 5.

Further sagging tendency was noticed at the Bombay Stock Exchange to-day. The market opening quiet and declined on renewed selling by bears. Small rallies materialised off and on, but recurrent selling pressed down prices again and again.

Tata Defd opened two points lower than the previous closing level at Rs. 1597 1/2 and gradually declined to Rs. 1580. With fresh bull support it slightly recovered the lost ground and oscillated between Rs. 1590 and Rs. 1595. Tata Ord opened at Rs. 322 and after declining to Rs 320/8 steadied around Rs. 321

Among textiles Bombay Dyeing lost by nearly ten points after opening at Rs. 1101 1-4 and moved ultimately between Rs. 1090 and Rs. 1095. Kohinoor, Nagpur Simplex and Swadeshi lost three points each after opening at Rs 647, Rs. 333, Rs. 241 and Rs. 647 respectively.

Bank shares were steady with small change in values. In the miscellaneous section the prices were well maintained with good inquiry in Scindias.

Securities were very steady with 3 per cent Government 1986 Conversion Loan being quoted at Rs. 99/6.

Towards the close the market was steady under scattered buying. Tata Steel Defd shares rallied at Rs. 1615 while Ordinary shares were done at Rs. 325. Bombay Dyeings were also steady at Rs. 1117/8 and Kohinoors were done at Rs. 650 while Swadeshi shares were quoted at Rs. 652. Associated Cements were quoted at Rs. 170/8 and Premier Constructions were done at Rs. 219. Scindia shares stood at Rs. 27/10. The market steadied on scattered buying and short covering after early liquidation.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1115 Kohinoor 650 Swadeshi 650 Nagpur 333 Simplex 243/12 New Great 185 Gokak X.D. 331 Indore 540 Century 515 Colaba X.R. 190 Bleaching 167 Swan 370 Finlay 349 Morarji 525 Edward 645 Meyer 171/4 Apollo 4/0/9 I.U. Ordinary 1/6 I. U. Defd. 2/12 Madhusudan 250 Poddar 196/4 Khatau 272/8.

STEEL

Tata Steel Ord. 324 Tata Steel Defd. 1610 Second 135/8.

CEMENTS

Associated Merger 170 8.

INDUSTRIES

Burma 423/12 Belapur 342 Shivrajpur 35/8 Scindia 27/12 Construction 220 Tata Chemical 16 Tata Oil 54/8 Indian Iron 29/6 Bengal 24/6

ELECTRICS

Tata Hydro 154 Andhra X.D. 1375 Tata Power 1485.

MILLS (CASH)

Elphinstone 91 Phoenix 457/8 Ind. Mfg. 4185 Kooria 300 Dawn 1545 David 150 New City 210 Minerva 210/10 Bradbury 695 Bharucha (Defd.) 4/2 Bharat 145 Mysore 230/10 Madhavji 19/6 Model 195 Laxmi 810 Vishnu 311/4 Western 4060 Standard 520 Sholapur 5950 Sassoon Cotton 19 Hindustan 4300 Tata 75/12 Ahmedabad Advance 275 Sassoon Silk 85 New Union 16 Madhusudan B. 47 Shriniyas 237/8 Raja Bahadur 125 Berar 265 Victoria 225 Simplex Cpn. 115.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 115/10 New 112/8 Surat 143/12 Karachi 118/12 Broach 10/6 Ajmer 10/8 Amalgamated 16/8 Nagpur 53/8 Poona 153/2 Bombay Suburban 150 Bombay Suburban New 131/4

BANK SHARES

Reserve 111/8 Imperial 2002/8 P.P. 493/12 Central 85/8 New 84/4 India 253 Union 9/8 Baroda 151/8 Habib 151 Dena Bank 54 United Commercial 62 Jaipur 51 Hindustan Com. 34 Mysore 365 Exchange (Ord.) 50 Eastern 10b.

INSURANCE

Oriental 5400 Empire 785 New India 69/8 Jupiter 26 Vulcan 13/10 Indian Mercantile 47 Universal Fire 15/12 British India General 22/12 Prud. 29 Neptune 7 New Great 25 All-India General 21.

RAILWAYS

C.P. 109 Mymensing 100 Guaranteed 100 Pachora 107.

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 330 Steamer 537/8 Burma New 148/12 B.B. Petrol 2/9 Mackenzie 90 Port Canning 70 Kemp 480 Zandu Pharmacy 180 Indian Investment Trust X. D. 99 Wimco 3/3/8 Dharamsey Chemical 36/8 Mukund Iron 10 Dena Trust 19/4 Alembic 260 Supreme India 130 Jamwire 108 Bombay Uganda 74 Bombay Motor Cycle 42 India Cement 31/4 Walchand Nagar Industries 213/8 United Motor 74 A.C.C. New 106/8 Bombay Safe Deposit 910 Hydri Construction 16 Mahmad Steam 100/8 Gujerat Motor 25/2 Sardar Carbolic 750 Harvey Press 310 Estrella Bat. 51 Prince of Wales 610 Manmad Press 120

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 185 Andhra Valley 1187/8 Tata Power 1315 Hydro 123/8 Bombay Steamer 323/12 Nagpur 627/8 Swadeshi 146.4 Vishnu 850 Laxmi 307/8 New Great 222/8 Poddar 115 Shriniwas 98 Elphinston 120 Bradbury 385 Surat Elec 130 Premier Construction 1st 126/4 Second 125/10 Amalgamated 123/8 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 125/10 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 19/13 Supreme 120 Meyer 121/4 Mackenji 1st 127/8 Second 125 Ahmedabad Advance 160 Mysore Mill

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES

BOMBAY, May 5.

MILLS.

Apollo 4/1/3 4/0/9
B. Dyeing 1101/4 2/8 1092/8 98/12 92/8 1117/8 15
C. India 332 29 34 33
Colaba 190
Finlay 346/8 46 50 49
Gokak 330 29 31 30 31
I. U. (Defd.) 2/12
I. U. (Ord.) 15/6/6 15/7 15/5 15/6
Indore 542/8 45 37/8 40
Khatau 272/8
Kohinoor 647 43 45 40 50
Madhusudan 250
Meyer 170
Morarji 525
New Great 183 85
Podar 195 92/8 96/4
Simplex 241 39/8 43/8
Swadeshi 647 42 50
Tata Mills 77 75/12

BANKS.

Baroda 151
Central 85/8 85/12 85/4 85/8
Imperial (New) 490 93/12
India 253
Reserve 111 11/8
Union 9/8 9/9

INSURANCE

Ahmedabad 115/10 15 16/4 15/10
Andhra Valley 1377/8 75
Hydro 154
Power 1482/8 85
Jupiter 26
New India 69 69/8
Scindia 27/11 27/8 27/10 27/12

STEEL.

B. Steel 24 24/6
I. Iron 28/13 28/15 28/13 29/6
Tata (Defd.) 1597/8 1600 1580 1615 10
Tata (Ord.) 322 23 20/8 24/8 24
Tata (IInd Pref.) 136/4 365/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 335 30
A. C. C. Old 170/12 69/12 70/8
A. C. C. (New) 106/12 6 6/8
Belapur 343 41 43 42
B. B. (Old) 426/4 23/12
P. Const. 213 14 13 20
Tata Chem. 15/15 15/14 16
Tata (Pref.) 125 25/10
Tata Oil 54/8 54 54/8 54
Walchandnagar 212/8 13/12
Wimco 315 13/12

SPECIAL.

Prince of Wales 610
Mckenzie 90
Ahmedabad Elec. (New) 112/8

50 Standard 101 Madhusudan 112 Andhra 1952 (4½) 102/12 Bombay Steamer 1959 (4½) 104/8 Indian Hume Pipe (6) 11, Tata Power 1951 103 Walchandnagar (6) 117.

OUTSIDERS

Indian Copper 2/9 B.I.C 8/10 Mill 4.14 New Victoria Mill Pref. 6 Phalton 129 Gold Mohor 325 New Kaiser-I-Hind 375 Sajjan Mill 250 "Osmanshahi 230 Ajamshahi 230 Air Service 11 Ambica 17 Air India 162/8 Hind Motor 6/8 India Steam 12/6.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, May 5.

Tata Ordinary 324, Tata Deferred 1610; Indian Iron 29/6; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 24/6; Bombay Dyeing 1115; Central India 333/2; Gokak 331/4; Kohinoor 650; Simplex 243/8; Swadeshi 650; Tata Power 1485; Associated Cement 170/8; Belapur 342/8; Bombay Burma (Old) 423/12; Scindia 27/12; Central Bank 85/10; New India 69/6; Tata 2nd Pref. 135/10.

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, May 5.

	Rs.	as.	p.
2-1/2 p.c. 1954	96	10	0
2-1/2 p.c. 1950	101	1	0
2-1/2 p.c.	97	0	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1948-52	100	4	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1960	99	15	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1962	99	14	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1976	99	8	0
3 p.c. non-Terminable	99	4	0
3 p.c. 1966 Con.	99	6	0
3 p.c. 1949-52	101	8	0
3 p.c. 1951-54	102	1	0
3 p.c. 1953-56	102	7	0
3 p.c. 1957	101	14	0
3 p.c. 1959-61	101	10	0
3 p.c. 1966-68	101	10	0
3 p.c. 1970-75	99	10	0
3-1/2 p.c. 1954-59	105	0	0
4 p.c. 1945-52	101	10	0
4 p.c. 1960-70	111	2	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1958-67	105	0	0
3-1/2 p.c. 1955-60	113	0	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1958-67	116	0	0

PROVINCIAL LOANS.

2-3/4 p.c. 1961	98	0	0
2-3/4 p.c. Madras 1961	98	0	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1955	101	8	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1958	101	6	0
4 p.c. Punjab 1940	98	14	0
3 p.c. Madras 1952-53	100	6	0
3 p.c. Punjab 1952	98	14	0
3 p.c. U. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 p.c. C. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 p.c. N.-W. F. 1952	99	10	0
3 p.c. C. P. 1961-66	100	0	0
3 p.c. Bombay Port Trust.	111	0	0
4 p.c. Bombay Municipality City	111	0	0
4 p.c. Bombay Municipality 1959	116	0	0
6 p.c. Municipality 1954.	118	0	0
3-1/4 p.c. New Municipal 1977	100	10	0
6 p.c. K. P. T.	110	0	0

HESSIAN MARKET.

BOMBAY, May 5.

	Pice.
45X11.	
Ready	113
April-June	113
July-Sept.	111
D. W. 40X28.	
Ready	115 0 0
April-June	111 0 0
July-Sept.	108 0 0

PEPPER PRICES.

BOMBAY, May 5.

Vaishakh	879 to 882
Jeth	891 to 894

MARKETS

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, May 5.

For the first time in the history Gold price reached to-day a record level of Rs. 118.8. The market remains manipulated and with a limited supply sellers are cautious.

Forward Silver opened to-day at Rs. 176/8 and after declining at Rs 176/6 advanced at Rs. 177/6 under active buying and steadied at Rs. 176/12. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 176/10 Forward Gold opened at Rs 117.10 and flared up at Rs. 118/8 under active professional buying. Thereafter there was scattered realising and the market steadied at Rs. 118.2. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 118 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 74/12. Final quotations were as under:

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	176	0	0
Forward Silver	176	0	0
Ready Gold	117	10	0
Forward Gold	117	12	0
Sovereigns	74	14	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, May 5.

The Produce market was fairly steady today with moderate business in groundnuts and linseed. Castorseeds May delivery after declining at Rs. 137/10 firmed up at Rs. 138/2 while September delivery after touching Rs. 144/10 firmed up at Rs. 145/4 and steadied at Rs. 144. Quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Khandesh quality	34	4	0
Coromandal ready	33	12	0
Bold ready	33	4	0
April-May	32	13	0
June-July	32	11	0

CASTORSEEDS:—

Ready	31	4	0
May delivery	138	5	0
September	144	11	0
LINSEEDS:—			
Ready	26	14	0
April-May	26	14	0
July	27	1	0
OILS:—			
Groundnut ready	18	0	0
Groundnut May	18	0	0
Groundnut June	18	5	0
Linseed Oil	16	7	0
Castorseed First Pressing	19	10	0
Castorseed Commercial quality	17	14	0

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, May 5.

B C Rates T T D D 1/5 15/16 Ready

B C Rates T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6/-5/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/16 7th and 9th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month

New York and Montreal B C Rates T T Rs. 332 1/4

Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 332 1/4

Banks Buying T T Rs. 330

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328 3/4

Montreal Rs 328 1/2

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 329

Montreal Rs 328 3/4 L/C

Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs. 6400

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 6550

Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl 79

Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Fcs. 1305

Java Banks Selling T T D D—79

Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 84

Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 157 1/4

Manila Bank Selling T T D D Rs. 165-1/4

New York-London Cross Rate Dol 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4

London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. 52.57-58.43

London Alexandria Fls 97 1/4-3/4

London Amsterdam Fl 10.68-70

London Bangkok Tcl. 40

London Belgium Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4

London Denmark Kr. 19.32-36

London Hongkong 1/3 1/16

London Iran Rl 128-130

London Java Fl. 10.68-70

London Lisbone Es 99.80-100.22

London Manila Pes 8.10-15

London Montreal Dol 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4

London New York Dol 4.02 3/4 4.03 1/4

London Oslo Kr 19.98 20.02

London Paris Fcs. 863.40-864.60

London Prague K. 201-202

London Singapore 2/4 7/32-1/8

London Stockholm Kr. 14.47-50

London Switzerland Fcs 17.34-36

London Syria 880-5

London Discts. 3 Mos. 9/16 per cent.

London Discts. 6 Mos. 5/8 per cent

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent. Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—Call 1/2 per cent, 3 Mos. 3/4 per cent, 6 Mos. 1 per cent, 12 Mos. 1-1/2 per cent.

Tone:—Easy.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, May 5.

The local cotton market was quietly steady with very limited business. At the opening July was quoted at Rs. 690 and after declining at Rs. 689 improved at Rs. 693 on moderate buying. As pointed out before open interest in May option is mostly evened up.

Later on there was renewed buying by professional operators and July delivery advanced at Rs. 700. The market advanced further at Rs. 708 for July when profit-taking appeared and a portion of the improvement was lost. Closing quotations at 4-30 p.m. were as under:—

I.C.C. May	670	8	0
I.C.C. July	699	8	0
I.C.C. September	707	8	0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY, May 4.

	Hi	Lo.	Closing
May	670	668	664
July	697	685	690-1/2
Sept	705	694	698-1/2

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton July Contract is 1002 cent points below New York July at Exchange rate 331.

SUGAR MARKET.

BOMBAY, May 5.

Usual Quality	105	8	0
Large Grains	116	0	0
Medium Grains	109	0	0
May dely.	37	12	0
August dely.	36	14	0
Arrivals Bags	1610		

ITALIAN ART-SILK YARN.

BOMBAY, May 5.

The Italian Art-Silk Market was unofficially closed today.

Wool Tops Close Steady

NEW YORK, May 4, (U. P. A.): Wool tops closed steady, 20 to 25 points higher.

May 185.5—187.
July 186 traded.
October 186—186.5.
December 186—186.5.
March '49 184.5—186.
May 184.5—186
July 183—184.

TRADE WITH JAPAN

How To Proceed

CALCUTTA, May 4 (UPA) A large proportion of businessmen in India apparently are unaware of the exact procedure under which export and import trade can be carried on with Japan, it is felt by the Japanese Trade Mission now visiting India.

The Mission, which arrived in Calcutta Saturday is leaving tomorrow for New Delhi.

For information of intending traders, the Mission announces the following procedure:

Indian buyers should contact either manufacturers or buyers' agents in Japan or the Board of Trade in Tokyo for working out details of proposed contracts.

Regarding export from India to Japan, the supplier in India should submit offers to the Board of Trade in Tokyo, which is the only organization empowered to sign for trade with Japan presently.

The Mission has been inundated with requests from numerous businessmen for interviews with a view to expressing the desire to resume commercial relations with Japan, William R. Eaton, chief delegate, disclosed today.

Due to the limited time of their tour, he said it was impossible for the Mission to meet all such requests. Consequently, he suggested that firms desirous of doing business with Japan follow this procedure:

Write a letter to the SCAP Trade Mission to India with five copies stating details as to whether it is desired to buy or sell goods to Japan; four copies should be mailed to the Mission care of the American Consul-General, Esplanade Mansion, Calcutta; the final copy should be addressed to V. C. Trivedi, Deputy Secretary, Ministry of Commerce, Government of India, New Delhi.

Active Buying In New York Cotton

MIXED APPEARANCE OF WALL STREET

NEW YORK, May 4, (Reuter): Cotton opened firm 14 to 31 higher on mill buying against textile sales and covering on technical considerations combined with reports of the administrations fears that cotton supplies will be reduced enough to affect domestic economy and that rawcotton may have to be allocated. Early gains were extended with attention drawn to reports that Southern Congressmen will press for early action on the 150 million dollar revolving fund for cotton and other commodity purchases for Japan. Profittaking eventually checked the advance. The market continued firm and active on persistent covering in oldcrops and trade buying, the latter influenced by the wide discounts and belief that good deal of the export demand will be held over for new crop sopplies. Reports that the Chinese Government is inquiring about terms for making purchases of cotton futures and revived reports that Spain is seeking private cotton credits here were helpful. The session closed very steady. Sales are estimated at 250,000 bales.

CHICAGO GRAINS

Grains ruled firm on commercial buying and shortcovering stimulated by the belief that a railroad strike may be difficult to avoid, a bullish private winter wheat crop estimate and reports of broader domestic flour business in the past week.

STOCKS

Moved up to one dollar or more irregularly higher in fair trade led by steels, oils, chemicals, department stores, rubbers, textiles and rails with the last named average again reaching a new high level for 1948. Steels attracted new interest based on a steady recovery of ingot operations and the unistates steel corporation announcement that no borrowing was necessary to complete the 500 million dollar expansion and improvement programme.

The averages were Industrials 181.60 and rails 59.31.

While profittaking affected some earlier improvers, the market still showed a predominance of gains of fractions to one dollar or more in fair activity oils developed a mixed tendency with pressure developing on the news that more than 70 notices of intention to amend, renegotiate or anul contracts with oil companies and allied industry firms, were filed by the labour unions in past fortnight. Some increase in profittaking gave the market a rather mixed appearance but the composite average closed with a small gain.

The session closed irregular.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, May 4.

May	37.34+53
July	36.65+55
July Highest	36.72+62
July Lowest	36.26+16
October	32.90+40
December	32.40+49
March	32.10+50
Middling Spot	38.12+51

NEW CLEANS COTTON.

New York, May 4.

May	37.22+51
July	36.67+49
October	32.95+47
December	32.37+52
Middling Spot	37.10+55

Pound Sterling Falls In New York Market

NEW YORK, May 4. (UPA): The British pound sterling today fell to 1.75 dollars on the New York market, but this was in terms of the so-called security or blocked sterling obtained through the sale of English securities held in U. S. markets.

This rate is based on the quotation of 39 dollars for each 20 pounds of U. K. Funding 4 per cent bonds of 1960-1990 which is selling in London at 112 per cent.

The actual pound value is 2,65 of the so-called bank note pounds which are honoured in England only for travel and similar expenses.

For all commercial purposes, the pound is still at the official rate of 4.03.

The financial editor of the New York Work World Telegram Ralph Hendershot reported that the flight from sterling in the international money market has reduced the dollar value of the pound in New York to about 1.80 dollars against the pegged price of 4.02. Hendershot said: "This price, which is the lowest in history, is established through the market for British bonds. It suggests when the devaluation of the pound comes finally, the slash is likely to be pretty sharp. Moreover, international trade cannot be resumed on a sound basis until all currencies can be freely exchanged in the world markets. United Kingdom Funding 4 per cent bonds of 1960-1990 were quoted yesterday in the unlisted market here at 195 dollars bid 200 asked for each 100 sterling bonds. The market in London was 447.02 dollars at the pegged rate of exchange. The discount in price in the New York market reflects a price of 1.80 dollars for the pound.

Worth Street Trading Held At Low Ebb

NEW YORK, May 4, (U. P. A.): Trading on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market was held at a low ebb today as a result of the erratic action of raw cotton prices and expectations for a new wage increase demand in southern mills. Brokers reported further pressure in the resale market despite reports that some leading print cloth producers were in a sold up position for the rest of the year.

The burlap market was quiet with a steadier undertone which was coupled with rumours that the Pakistan Government contemplates placing a floor under jute prices and may organize a single Government agency to handle the buying and selling of raw jute.

SHIPPING NEWS

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

BOMBAY, May 5.

IMPORTS

S. S. STEEL CHEMIST

FROM BEAUMONT TEXAS:—2112 drums lubricating

FROM HOUSTEN TEXAS—1575 drums lubricating oil 1200 bags sulpher, 7024 bags carbon black.

FROM TAUPA FLORIDA—11200 bags ground phospate rock.

FROM NEW ORLEANCE: 800 bags soda ash, 682 cases household liquid insecticide, 27 drums pure oil, 508 bdls. hilking bicking stick bullets, 1250 bds lubricating oil, 325 lubricating grease

S. S. NAILSSA

FROM ABADAN—27837 drums bitrine.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

S. S. AMRA

TO BEIRA—42 bales cotton piecegood—Gokuldas $ Co.

S. S. VEST

TO KARACHI—M. O. Adamji 33 bags gum, 25 cases gambier, 15 bags myralbolams A. K. Md. Adamji 86 bags gum, 25 bags myrabolams, 40 bags gambier, 30 cases gambier H. O. H. Abdulla, 24 bags drugun H. O. H. Abdulla, 23 cases pappy shell and 16 bas spine acids H. S. H. Khamisa Abad., 400 bags tamarind H. S. H. J. Noormohmed, 30 bags tamarind A Ahmed, 250 bags tamarind M. H. A. Karim, 25 bags surpia M. H. A. Karim, 78 bags drugun H. J. H. Valiram, 160 bags drugum H. S. Rahimtulla, 700 bdls. bettle leaves A. G. Momin, 133 bags seibgal S. A. Gaffar, 292 bags tamarind H. A. Jumma & Co, 25 bags hing H. A. Jumma & Sons, 61 bags drugun K. A. Karim, Cotton piecegood 50 bales A. Karim & Co., 70 bales K. Hassan & Co., 34 bales F. Mohmed, 41 bales A. Omar & Co., 20 bales G. D. T. Hosein, 9 bales H. Ebrahim, 10 bales Patel & Patel, 10 bales T. H. Iliyas & Sons., 14 bales H. U. H. Usman, 50 bags soptom powder H. H. Shariff, 10 bags black salt S. A. Gaffar, 10 bags epsom salt Batta & Co., 20 bags epsom salt General Acid Supply Co. 50 bags cardamomas H. M. Daruvalla, 48 bags cardamoms H. E. Noormahmed, 40 cases mangoes H. Ahmed, 150 bags tamarind H. T. G. S. Mohmed 24 bags drugun H. Essa 50 cases mangoes India Trade Service Ltd.

S. S. LEAUVEKERK

TO ANTWERP—1024 bags mustes seed Volkart Bros.

TO ROTTERDAM—240 drums paint The Bombay Oil Mills

TO ADEN—10 bales cotton piecegood V. Lalji & Sons.

S. S. CITY OF DELHI

TO LIVERPOOL—250 drums castor oil N Cooverji & Co 169 drums castor oil Bombay Oil & Chemical Works.

S. S. DURENDA

TO LONDON—20 cases chrome tanned upper leather The United Provinces Tannery Co Ltd., 1125 bags New York Kane Orient Corp. Ltd.

TO HAVRE—5 bdls cotton waste E. T. Robertson & Sons.

—S.S. OXARDA—

To Hongkong.— 2000 bales raw cotton— A A Mawa and Co.

To Shanghai.— 222 bales cotton raw —China Trading and International Dept. Corp Ltd.

—S.S. VIRGINIA MAY—

To Karachi — 25 cases glass ware United Atlas Overseas Ltd. M. A. Patel 5 cases glass bowls, 20 cases glass chimneys, 40 cases cup and saucers, 200 cases glass tumbrellas, 20 cases earthen ware tea sets India Commercial Co — 50 cases glass cup and saucers— 50 cases tumbrellas, 100 cases glass jugs, 100 bags glass bottles— National Bottle House.

—S.S. AMRA—

To Mombassa:— 11 bales cotton piecegoods— N. S. Framji (India) 6 bales cotton piecegoods —J. M. Manji and Ltd. 7 bales cotton piecegoods— Z. Manji and Sons 7 bales cotton piecegoods V. Panchand 5 bags turmeric— G. Moledina.

To Zanzibar:—

6 bales cotton piecegoods— A. Manji and Co.

Arrivals And Departure Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

"RAILA" arrived from Abadan, on May 4, with 11610 tons of Petroleum. (Standard oil).

SAILINGS

"MEONIA" sailed for Bangkok, on May 4, with 6000 tons of general cargo.

"LOPPERSUM" sailed for Calcutta, on May 4, with 2260 tons of general cargo.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, May 4.

American Telephone and Telegraph	153-7/8
Amerex Holding Co.	25-1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	36-3/4
Chase National Bank	35-5/8
Sinclair Oil	22-1/2
Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co.	46-3/4
General Electric Co.	35
General Motors	56-1/4
Ingersol Rand	139 bid
International Nickel	29
National City Bank of New York	40-5/8
New York Central Railroad Co.	16
Socony Vacuum Corporation	19-3/4
Texas Corporation	59-1/2
Union Carbon and Carbide	113-1/4
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	64-1/2
U. S. Steel Corporation Common	76-7/8
Western Union Telegraph	22-1/2

LONDON BULLION.

LONDON, May 4.

Gold Bars fine per ounce £8/12/3.
Silver: Spot 45 d., Forward 45 d.

COWHIDE PRICES.

NEW YORK, May 4, (U. P. A.): The following were prices of cowhides on the New York market today:—

Spot 30-1/2.
Future June closing 28.75 bid.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, May 4.

May 2.46.
July 2.33-1/4.
September 2.31-1/2.
December 2.31-1/4.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, May 4.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 p c	76-3/4
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961	104-1/4
War Loan 3-1/2 p c 1952 and after	102-1/2
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	112
Victory Bonds 4 p c	113-3/4
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	119-1/2
National Bank of India	38-1/4

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 7.773.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, May 4.

T. T. London on:—

New York Selling 4.0275, Buying 4.0325, Montreal Selling 4.0275, Buying 4.0325, Zurich Selling 17.34, Buying 17.36, Stockholm 14.47 to 14.50.

HAPUR MARKET RATES

HAPUR, May 5.

(From Our Correspondent)

Silver forward 176|7, opened 176|6, yesterday closed 176|8.

Gold forward 117, opened 117, yesterday closed 117 quiet.

Bardana asar 92 June 112, Oats ready 8 Jeth 7|15, Opened 7|15, Yesterday closed 7|15:6 Gur ready 12|8, Fagan 10|12|9, opened 10|12, yesterday closed 10|13|9, Baisakh 10,2|6 Shakar 12 8 Khandsari 34 to 28 Crystal 37 Wheat 17 Gram 11|6 Barley 9|8 Peas ready 9|12, Jeth 9|4 Maize 8|8 Bajra 9 Juwar 8|12 Arhar ready 10 Jeth 10|3 Urd 18 Moong 15|12 Masoor 12|8 Sarson ready 21 Jeth Taraseed 17|8 Oil 65 Oilcake 8 Groundnuts 12|8 Hathi 13.

Calicut Markets

(From Our Correspondent)

CALICUT, May 5.

Coir yarn Beypore 140|150 Ailgandy 145|155, Fibre garbled 115, Ungarbled 100, Cocoanuts raw 115, Dry 150, Cocoanut oil 405, Copra office 270, Dilpasand 275, Madrasnottam 300, Pepper wynaad 1000, Country 990, Dryginger chernad 326 Ernad 300, Coffee robusta 145, Timber pah 40| Benteak. 32|40, Teak 100|110, Mango 45, Jungle wood 25|30, Vellapine 35|40, 3|3|8, Teak 12|15, Rose wood 12|16.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CULCUTTA, May 5.

On the Calcutta stock exchange a better feeling was noticed today amongst the more popular industrial shares and prices were marked up in all cases. A fair volume of business was recorded.

The following are todays final transaction upto 2-30 p.m.:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES. Three per cent Govt. paper 98/14; three per cent loan 1966 99.6; three per cent Defence Loan 1949/52 101/5, three per cent Loan 1963 65 100/13.

BANKS: Imperial Bank Conty 487/8, Reserve 107/-.

COTTONS: Bowreah 415 -; Cawnpore Textiles 10,-, Benares Cotton and Silk 7/13; Lyon Mills 53/-; New Victoria Ordy 4/13.

COALS. Bengal 510; small lot Bharat Colliery 7, 9, Raneegunge 19/12; South Karanpura 20,-; Talcher 4/13; Western Bengal 6 4, West Jamuria 29/12, Ct.

JUTES. Angus India 334, Bally 315; Barnagore 29/-, Champadny 215/-; small lot Craig 14/14; Dalhousie 258; Ganges 420, Howra 60/8, Kelvin 340; National 20 14, Presidency 7/-.

MININGS: Burma Corpn. Exs. Copper 2,9; Tavoy Tin 1/8.

ENGINEERINGS: Indian Iron And Steel 29/9, Jessop & Co. 127; Ewdu Marshals 6/10, Ewdu Steel Corpn. 24/8; Textile Machinery 8, 2.

MISCELLANEOUS. Dalmia Cement 8/7; small lot Sone Valley Cement 8/10; Calcutta Elec. 30/-; British India Corpn. 8/11, Dunlop Rubber 66/-; small od lot Jardine Henderson 167/8; small odd lot British Burma pet 2/7; Bengal Paper 202/8, Cum Rights Orient Paper 25/8, Star Paper 7/2; Titaghur Paper 43/8, Calcutta Steam Navgn. 160/-; T India Steamship 12/7; Rama 16/3; Tea, Bormahjan 35/-; Essa and Purbutia 450; Dydak 55/- CT.

Madras Share Market

MADRAS May 5.

Following are today's quotations in the Madras stock exchange market:—

SUGARS AND BREWERIES: Deccan 19/12 do 50/12 Mysore, 50/-, Travancore 12,- prefs 5 per cent 5 1.

PLANTING. Chemmara 5,6 Cochin Malabar 6/7 Coorg Tea 6 - Devashola 18 Highland Produce 29/12 Nilgiri Peas 23/8 Midlands 6/6 pref. 6 per cent 9/3 Ouchterlony 27/9 Pullangodes 1/7/6 Thirumbadi 2/3/6.

TEXTILES: Bangalore Woolen 260/- Buckingham 332/- prefs. 7-1/2 per cent 196/- Cambodias 22 repeat 211/12 Coimbatore 137/8 Pioneer 108/- Spgs. 22 Janardhana 22 46/4 Lakshmi 93/12 Madura 42/12 Mettura . . . Madura 42/12 Mysore 10/6 Rangavilas 251/- Trichinopoly 12/4.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cements 66/12 India Cements 12/14 Mettur Chem. 8/4 Mysore Chem. and Ferts. 11/12 do Paper 213/11 Spencer 11/6.

AHMEDABAD MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, May 5.

Market ruled steady

Calico opened 1348 highest 1352, lowest 1346 closed 1350.

Ambika opened 426, highest 432, lowest 424, closed 433

Arvind opened 1726, highest 1750, lowest 1722, closed 1747.

Deferred opened 1600, highest 1634, lowest 1587, closed 1624.

Closing quotations: Arvind 1747, Ambika 433, Calico 1350, Jupiter 432, Marsden 200, Monogram 185, Deferred 1624, Rohit 460, New Commercial 1334, Rajnagar 465, Ramkrishna 382-8, Aryodaya Spinning 513-8, Vikram 585, Girdhar Harivallabhdas 355, Anil 350.

Market closed highest of the day.

NEW YORK SILVER.

New York, May 4.

U. S. Price of Foreign Silver 70-3/8 cents.

MUTT AND JEFF—Just A Little Business Chat Among Themselves—Thass All By BUD FISHER

MUTT, YOU AND ME TOGETHER ARE REALLY A GREAT TEAM!
YEH, BUT OF THE TWO I'M REALLY THE IMPORTANT ONE!
YOU? WHY WITHOUT ME YOU'D BE SUNK!
WHAT ARE YOU TALKIN' ABOUT? I WAS THE FIRST ONE IN THIS COMIC!
YEH, BUT YOU DIDN'T AMOUNT TO MUCH UNTIL I C

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

Minimum Rs. 1/8/-

To Be Paid In Advance

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a suitable match for a self supporting handsome Rajput Youngman, aged 22, having cosmopolitan views. Please apply Box No. 8699 "Bombay Chronicle."

Suitable Match for two Sunni Muslim virgin girls, ages 18 and 19, healthy, beautiful, college education and belonging to very respectable rich U.P. Muslim family. Correspondence strictly confidential Box No. 8693 "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Urgently, Turners, Millers Drillers, Gas Cutters with at least ten years experience, must be able carry out work correctly without help. Apply Box No. 8411 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Trained Fitters with several years experience in assembling heavy machinery. Only experts need apply sending copies testimonials, excellent salary. Apply Box No. 8411A. "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted urgently expert Acetylene Gas Cutters, must have several years experience and must know clean smooth cutting. Apply Box No. 8411B. "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted urgently expert Turners with several years experience in large commercial workshops, must know Micrometer Work; excellent wages offered. Apply Box No. 8411C. "Bombay Chronicle".

M.T.B. College, Surat:- Applications stating age, experience and qualifications are invited for teaching posts in English (for the first term only in a leave vacancy), Philosophy, Mathematics and History-Economics and also for the posts of Demonstrators in Physics, Chemistry and Biology. Salary and Designation according to qualifications. Scales:- Professors-Rs. 200-10-350, Lecturers-Rs. 130-10-200, Demonstrators-Rs 80-5-125. D.A. extra. Applications with testimonials to reach the Principal by 15th May. (8289)

Wanted experienced and efficient Card-board-Box Makers for our Box Department. Apply Famous Cine Litho Works, 40-B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay, 11. (8709)

Wanted for the Schools of the Sarvajanik Education Society, Surat, male and lady graduates with English, Gujarati, Sanskrit, History, Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry and undergraduates and T.D.'s (Bombay) strong in Arithmetic. Preference will be given to those with B.T. or P.T. (Kandiwali) or Hindustani Qualifications. The scale for graduate is 60-5-120 E.B.-6-180 and for Non-graduate is 40-3-80 E.B.-4-125 plus D.A. at the Government rate. Applications in the prescribed printed form to be had on sending 0-0-9 postal stamps, should reach the Secretary, Sarvajanik Education Society, Surat, before 20th May, 1948. 8393

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

A Batch for Vacation—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for all Specialisation and Professional Diploma Courses for training throughout Vacation for next year's examinations. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. (8704)

MEDICAL ADLETS

"Amrita Malam". A Wonderful Medicine for Gangrene and Leprosy. Rs. 12|8 per phial. V.P. charges extra. Menaka Debi 19 S.N. Banerji Rd., Calcutta. (5462D)

LIVE STOCKS

For Dog's Sickness Consult Seervai of Bellemont Kennels. Post Box 6505, or Phone No. 43245. (8407)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents in all important places to enlist Subscribers and to secure Advertisements for Ladies Herald", the most popular English monthly on attractive terms. A deposit of Rs. 25/- necessary. Apply, Manager "Ladies Herald" Madras 21. 8408

MACHINERY FOR SALE

Enquire for H. S. Drills Strt. and Taper—Bhutoria Bros., Ltd., 39, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta. 8489

PROPERTY FOR SALE

For Sale—Freehold plots, situated at Juhu Seaface. Excellent opportunity for big investors. Brokers not entertained. For particulars phone 28404, during office hours, and 40078 outside office hours or write to P.O. Box No. 1084, Bombay. (8702)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Gazetted Officers! Gentlemen in Mofussil. Get all your personal requirements from us. Kindly Apply Ronald Bros., 25, Bank St., Bombay. (8707)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale — Printed figured and Marble Papers in the sizes of 20" x 30" and 30" x 40" in one to three colours at reasonable prices. Interested parties write to Famous Cine Litho Works, 40-B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay, 11. (8708)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of various used as well as surplus unused articles from the India United Mills Ltd. No. 1, Mill, Nos. 2 and 3 Mills, No. 4 Mill, No. 5 Mill and Dye Works, and will be received up to 15-5-48 at the Registered Office, E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. Tender forms can be had from this office. 8403

THE "MARKAZI" CO-OPERATIVE STORES, LTD.

A GENERAL MEETING of the share holders of the above Stores will be held on SUNDAY the 23rd May, 1948 in the Stores at 4 P.M. (S.T.)

The share holders are earnestly requested to attend.

for Hon. Sect.
A. L. SARANG,

8703

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE
Special items costing over Rs. 10,000/- Class I contract

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on 14th June 1948 at 12 O'Clock noon.

Tender No. SP/F/Eb2/11994 for the supply of 48 sets Simultaneous Acting top gear for double doors including bottom guide Channel for lower class to Drawing No. 11994/C&W Alt. 1.

Tender form and drawing may be purchased from the undernoted officials on payment of the following charges to the Treasurer, E.I. Rly., 105 Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

(1) Tender form at Rs. 5/- per copy from the Controller of Stores, E. I. Rly, 105 Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta.
(2) Drawing No. 11994/C&W Alt. 1 at Rs. 2/- per copy from the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer (Shops) E. I. Rly., Kanchrapara.

Firms outside Calcutta may however remit the cost of the tender forms to the Controller of Stores and that of the drawing to the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer direct by money order. No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's office and then put into the tender box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

GENERAL MANAGER.
8402

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE.
Special item costing over Rs. 5000/- Class I Contract

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the Controller of Stores' Office, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on the 7th June. 1948, at 12 o'clock noon.

Tender No. SP/F/Eb/2/CA-1111 for the supply of 2194 Nos. Hand Hold to I.R.S. Drawing No. CA-1111 Alt. 4.

Tender forms can be obtained from the Controller of Stores at Rs. 2/- per copy on payment to the Treasurer, E. I. Rly. Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same. Firms outside Calcutta may however remit the cost of the Tender form to the Controller of Stores direct by money order. No refuned is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the Controller of Stores' office and then put into the Tender box by the tenderer or his representative.

CONTROLLER OF STORES,
8401

GRAINSHOP DEPARTMENT
B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY

QUOTATIONS returnable by 11 hrs on 11-5-48, are invited on Railway's form for the supply of (1) Chillies, (2) Gram Dall, (3) Spices and (4) Watana Black from the merchants possessing the necessary trade licences.

For quantities, terms and deliveries and other conditions please apply to the Asst. Controller of Grainshops, Churchgate, Bombay, at any time during working hours. 8405

EMPLOYMENT NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS are invited from candidates holding Upper Subordinate qualification of the Osmania Engineering College or the Technical School, Secunderabad or D.C.E. Poona for Technical posts in the C.B.I. Corporation Ltd. Hyderabad in the following grades:—

	O.S. Rs.
1. Technical Subordinates	Rs. 110-5-210.
2. Supervisors.	Rs. 180-7½-225-10-375.

Dearness Allowance and Provident Fund in addition.

A higher initial start may be given for candidates with special aptitude in Hydraulics and experience of Irrigation Works. Candidates who have appeared for the examinations may also apply. Their appointment pending the declaration of results will be on probation on a salary of Rs. 110/-.

Apply stating age, nationality and particular of qualifications to

THE GENERAL MANAGER,
C.B.I. Corporation,
15, Nawab Manzil,
Khairatabad,
Hyderabad-Dn.

8409

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B. E. S. & T. COMMITTEE

NOTICE TO PUBLIC

On and from MONDAY, the 10th May, 1948 "B & C" Routes will operate as separate Services.

"B" route will run from Ballard Estate and Colaba Bus Station to Tardeo Tram Terminus, via its present route and return the same way.

"C" Route will run from Afghan Church to Tardeo T.T. via its present route and return the same way.

Passengers boarding between Warden Road and Tardeo T.T. i.e. at Breach Candy, Hornby Vellard, etc., will not be able to travel via the "C" ROUTE unless they transfer at Tardeo T.T. into a "C" ROUTE bus.

Bombay, 29th April, 1948. TRAFFIC MANAGER.
(8410)

CENTRAL PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.
PRESS NOTICE.

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Fertiliser Factory, Divn. No. I., Sindri, P. O. Patherdihi, Distt. Manbhum, invites sealed tenders from the Registered Contractors of the Central P.W.D. for the work 'Providing Water Supply & Sewerage Sub-mains to L.M & K-3 type quarters at Sindri" costing approximately Rs. 65,270/- by 12 noon of 17th. May. 1948.

Tender papers condition, etc. can be had from the Office on payment of Rs. 5/- not refundable.

Earnest money required for the work is Rs. 3,264/- either in currency notes or by Bank Draft on the Imperial Bank of India, Dhanbad. (8396)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for appointment as Government Agents, to select and purchase dry buffaloes in Bombay City and Bombay Suburban District, on commission basis, for sending them to Government Dry Stock Farms in the districts. They will also have to sell the calved animals, returning from Government farms. Only those who have experience in cattle business need apply. Persons, who possess their own stables in the City or the Suburbs and who are milk producers will be given preference A copy of the terms and conditions of the agency can be obtained free from Milk Commissioner's Office.

Applications should specify name, address, particulars of stables if any, experience of business in cattle and|or milk production, together with a confirmation that they are agreeable to the terms and conditions of the agency.

Applications on above basis should reach the Milk Commissioner, Dhobi Talao, Bombay, not later than 15th May, 1948.

D. N. KHURODY
Milk Commissioner.

Office of the
Milk Commissioner,
Bombay, April 30, 1948.

8375

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS from candidates of various communities are invited to fill a temporary post of Mono Mechanic in the grade of Rs. 125-6-185 plus other allowances as admissible under the orders. The candidates should be thoroughly conversant with the mechanism of Mono Key Boards and Mono Casting machines preferably possessing a certificate from a reliable institute to that effect. Applications, should reach the Manager, Government of India Press, New Delhi by the 20th May '48. (8380)

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT
NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

SEALED TENDERS in B-2 (Item Rate) form are invited for two alternative Designs. (1) R.C.C. framed structure, (2) Stone wall construction, for the work of constructing Buildings for the Medical College at Poona, estimated to cost approximately Rs. 16,00,000|- and Rs. 18,00,000|- respectively and will be received by the Executive Engineer, Building Projects Division (No. 1), Poona, in his office upto 3 P.M. on Wednesday the 2nd June 1948 and will be opened on the same day. Rs. 18,000|- should be paid into the Reserve Bank of India or nearest Government Treasury and the receipted chalan attached to the tender, which should be accompanied by a solvency certificate or Banker's certificate of his financial stability without which the tender would not be considered.

Blank Tender forms can be obtained on payment of Rs. 15|- per set from the abovenamed office, during office hours on all working days from 12-5-1948 upto 31-5-1948.

The Contractor shall quote the rates in words and figures. The rates and amounts for each item should be worked out and the requisite total given at the end. No alteration in the form of the tender or in the schedule of quantities and no addition will be permitted.

Tenders which do not fulfil any of the above conditions or those printed on the tender form and are incomplete in any respect. will be rejected.

Acceptance of the tender will rest with the Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government, Public Works Department, Bombay, who reserves the right of rejecting any or all tenders without assigning any reasons.

(Sd.) L. W. KALE,
Executive Engineer.
Building Projects Division (No. 1).
3rd May, 1948.
Central Offices, Poona No. 1.
(8404)

THE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.
PROPOSED INCREASE OF CAPITAL
EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Bank will be held at the Registered Office of the Bank at Oriental Buildings, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Bombay, at 4 p.m. (Standard Time) on THURSDAY, the 6th day of May, 1948, when the Resolutions in regard to an increase of Capital by the creation of 1,00,000 New Shares of Rs. 100|- each (upon which on application and before allotment Rs. 50|- plus a premium of Rs. 50|- is to be paid) and in regard to the terms and conditions of issue, which Resolutions are set forth in the Notices to the Shareholders of the Bank, will be considered as Ordinary Resolutions.

The consent of the Central Government has been obtained to this issue by an order of which a complete copy is open to public inspection at the Head Office of the Company. It must be distinctly understood that in giving this consent the Government of India do not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of any schemes or for the correctness of any of the statements made or opinions expressed with regard to them.

Dated at Bombay this 17th day of April, 1948.

A. C. CLARKE.
General Manager,
The Bank of India Limited.

(8155)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.
NOTICE.

1. APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of a part-time Lady Doctor to take charge of 3 Municipal Dispensaries for Women each working twice a week. The pay of the post is Rs. 125/- p.m. without any privileges of leave and provident fund. Selected candidate will be on probation for one year.
2. Candidates must possess a medical degree registrable under the Bombay Medical Act of 1912. Post-graduate course in midwifery and gynaecology as well as experience in the line will be considered as an additional qualification.
3. Applicants not in Municipal service must be under 40 years of age.
4. The hours of attendance at the dispensaries will be 12 noon to 2 p.m. (B.T.) and the dispensaries will remain open on all working days.
5. Applications stating age, nationality, qualifications, previous experience, accompanied by copies of testimonials and certificates of age, physical fitness and character, should be sent to the undersigned, so as to reach him not later than 26-5-1948.
6. Canvassing directly or indirectly will disqualify the candidate.

K. N. CHOKSY.
Ag: Executive Health Officer.
Municipal Offices,
Fort, Bombay.
(8416)

PUBLIC NOTICE.
STEEL ALLOTMENT FROM STEEL PROCESSING AND INDUSTRIAL QUOTAS PERIOD IV/1948.

ATTENTION of the Public is invited to the Public Notice regarding allotment of Steel to Steel Processing Industries which appeared in the Local Papers during the current week giving the last date for receiving applications through the Provincial Government, for period IV/1948 as TWENTIETH MAY 1948.

Processing Factories desiring to receive tinplates or steel from the Steel Processing Industries Quota should submit their applications to this office for onward transmission to the appropriate Development Officers, on or before FIFTEENTH MAY, 1948.

No applications received after the above date will be considered.

N. D. DAFTARY.
Provincial Iron and Steel Rationing Officer.
Military Barracks
Dhobi Talao.
(8413)

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY
GRAINSHOP DEPARTMENT
TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS on prescribed form returnable by 14th May, 1948, with samples in sealed packets are invited for supply of rice to various Grainshops on Bombay, Baroda, Ahmedabad, Bulsar and Dohad Districts. Further particulars and tender forms may be obtained from the office of Deputy General Manager, (G.S D.), Churchgate or from the Office of the President, Grainshop Committee, Ahmedabad. (8336)

PUBLIC NOTICES

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

AN ESTABLISHED and reputed Pottery, having a large output of Cups and Saucers, Tea Sets, Bowls, Jars, Fire Bricks, Lime, etc. desires to appoint a Sole Distributor who can invest about three lakhs and guarantee the regular sale of the entire production of about Rs. 1,25,000/- per month.

Interested parties are requested to correspond stating their terms and conditions specially mentioning:

(1) the maximum amount of Cash Deposit to be kept with the Company, (2) the gross per centage of commission on Sales (including Sub-agent's Commission, Canvassing and Advertising Charges, Establishment Expenses Breakage, etc.) and (3) the terms of payment.

Please address your communications to Box No 8394 "Bombay Chronicle."

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that RUKHIABAI, daughter of HAJI IBRAHIM HAJI JANMAHOMED, of Bombay Muslim Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property of any nature whatsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land of the Pension and Tax Tenure together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate at Ropa Lane, Chandanwadi Street, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, admeasuring 294 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's Old Nos. 580 and 106, New No. 867, Old Survey No. 70, New Survey No. 8213, Cadastral Survey No. 649 of Bhuleshwar Division, and assessed Under 7 (C) Ward No. 3234 and Street Nos. 11-13, and bounded, on the East by a passage or gully, on the West by Ropa Lane, on the South by the property of Hargovind Jagjivan and on the North by the property of Gopalji Hemraj.

Dated this 4th day of May, 1948.
DABHOLKAR & JESHTARAM,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
Alli Chambers,
Medows Street, Bombay (1).

(SUMMONS TO ANSWER PLAINT)
HIGH COURT

Summary Suit No. 831 of 1943.

Messrs. S. V. PATEL, a firm, carrying on business in Bombay at Swadeshi Market, Kalbadevi Road, outside the Fort. .. Plaintiffs.

v|s.

VITHALBHAI MANGALBHAI PATEL, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Walkeshwar Road, outside the Fort. .. Defendant.

To,

VITHALBHAI MANGALBHAI PATEL,

WHEREAS the abovenamed Plaintiffs have instituted a suit in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendant under rule 2 of Order XXXVII of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, for recovering from you the sum of Rs. 2,566|12|6 being the balance due and payable by the defendant to the Plaintiffs in respect of the sum of Rs. 10,150|- for which a cheque was passed by the defendant in favour of the Plaintiffs which cheque was dishonoured on presentation by non-payment with interest on Rs. 2450|- at 6% per annum from 1st March, 1948, till Judgment costs of the suit and interest at the rate of 4% per annum. You are hereby summoned to cause an appearance to be entered for you, within ten days from the service hereof, in default whereof the Plaintiffs will be entitled at any time after the expiration of such ten days to obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rs. 2,566-12-6 with interest on Rs. 2,450:- at 6% per annum from 1st March, 1948, till Judgment costs of the suit. Costs, together with such interest, if any as the Court may order.

If you cause an appearance to be entered for you the Plaintiffs will thereafter serve upon you a summons for Judgment at the hearing of which you will be entitled to ask the Court for leave to defend the suit.

Lease to defend may be obtained if you satisfy the Court by affidavit or otherwise that there is a defence to the suit on the merits, or that it is reasonable that you should be allowed to defend the suit.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) A. R. NARAYAN AYYAR,
for Prothonotary & Senior Master.

The 19th day of March, 1948.
Messrs. KAMDAR & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
(8412)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that CHANDULAL WALCHAND GANDHI, RAWJI DEOCHAND SHAH, JIVRAJ MULCHAND SHAH, WALCHAND MANCHAND SHAH, MANEKLAL HIRACHAND SHAH and JIVRAJ HIRACHAND SHAH have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having or claiming any interest therein is requested to make it known in writing to the undersigned at 14, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, within ten days from the publication hereof failing which the sale will be completed and any such claim or interest shall be deemed to be waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that vacant piece of land, situate on the West side of Agra Road at Ghatkoper, Bombay Suburban District (now Greater Bombay), admeasuring about 36000 square yards and bearing Survey Nos. 31, 33, 34, 164, Pot No 1 part, 2 part, 3 part, 15, 16, 17, 18 part, 19 and Falni No. 1 7 and 8, Survey No. 165, Pot Nos. 1 to 6 and Falni Nos. 1 to 3, Survey No 166 Pot No. 3 part, Survey No. 171, Falni Nos. 9, 10, 11 and 12 and Survey No. 269(part).

Dated this 5th day of May, 1948
DIVEKAR & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(8414)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF INCOMPLETE FILM, "ETABAR".

Under instructions from M/s. Khanderao Laud & Co., Attorneys for M/s. Bombay Finance Corporation, the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the defaulting mortgagor Mr. M. Bashir, an insolvent, M/s. BENNETT & CO., will TO-DAY THURSDAY, 6th May, 1948 at 4 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their rooms; 120, Apollo Street, Fort:—

The Picture "Etabar" (Incomplete) produced by 14th Century Picture in Hindi with story rights and gramophone recording rights as well as exploitation and exhibition rights.

For further particulars apply to the above Solicitors or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF INTESTATE AND UNCLAIMED PROPERTIES.

Under instruction from the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction ON SATURDAY, the 15th inst. at 2 p.m. (S.T.) at Police Commissioner's Office, opposite Arthur Crawford Market, all the Intestate and Unclaimed properties such as:— Jewellery, Old and New Clothes, Utensils, etc.

The above on view on sale day Terms: Cash.

BENNETT & CO

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai TARABAI LALDAS and RAJNIKANT LALDAS have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client Sha Ratilal Girdharlal

All persons having any claim against the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift or in any manner howsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at Tamarind Lane, Ali Chambers, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from this date, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground situate at Malad in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra Zilla Thana, known as Wadi, admeasuring 4840 Square yards be the same little more or less and it is bounded as follows on the East by the land of Dewalibai wife of Doolabhdas Harichand, on the West by the land of Chanda Kooverbhai, on the South by a stream and beyond it by a garden and Bungalow belonging to Antone Souza and others, on the North by the public passage and beyond it by the ground of Jamnadas Tribhowandas Mangaldas Gopaldas and Luxmidas Chunilal.

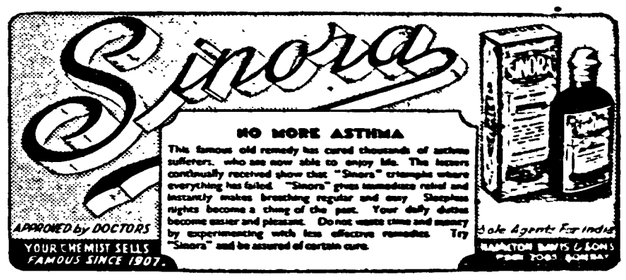
Dated this 4th day of May, 1948.
CHOKSEY & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
8415

END GREY HAIR

Not by hair-dye. Our harmless "KESH KALYAN Ayurvedic (scented) oil restores the grey hair to its natural black colour permanently, and stops turning grey. If no faith take a guarantee of returning double price. Price Rs. 2 8 for a few grey hairs Rs. 3 8 for more than it, and Rs. 5 for about all

KESH RANJAN AUSHADHALAYA
P O Raniganj. (Burdwan)

The useful SIMO CLIPS
FOR HOUSE AND OFFICE
SOLE DISTRIBUTORS:
THE INDUSTRIAL SYNDICATE
119-B, BIPON STREET, CALCUTTA



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PILE OINTMENT The Standard remedy that speedily relieves the pain of this distressing ailment without operation It easily penetrates the swollen tissue to stop pain & banish piles for good
Manufactured by: W B. Cartwright Ltd. Leeds, England
Sole Distributors: Castopheno Mfg. Co., Bombay & Karachi.

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Why allow cold to retard your Child's Progress? Why not STOP it at the first symptom with dose of SEROTERPIN?
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